

Computer algebra independent integration tests

Summer 2022 edition

4-Trig-functions/4.6-Cosecant/131-4.6.1.4-d-cot-ⁿ-a+b-csc-^m

Nasser M. Abbasi

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Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	detailed summary tables of results	19
3	Listing of integrals	29
4	Appendix	125

Chapter 1

Introduction

Local contents

1.1	Listing of CAS systems tested	4
1.2	Results	5
1.3	Time and leaf size Performance	9
1.4	list of integrals that has no closed form antiderivative	11
1.5	List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative	12
1.6	list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification	13
1.7	Timing	13
1.8	Verification	14
1.9	Important notes about some of the results	14
1.10	Design of the test system	17

This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in the appendix contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems.

The number of integrals in this report is [23]. This is test number [131].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.1 (June 29, 2022) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.16.1 (Dec 19, 2018) on Mathematica 13.0.1 on windows 10.
3. Maple 2022.1 (June 1, 2022) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.46 (April 13, 2022) using Lisp SBCL 2.1.11.debian on Linux via sagemath 9.6.
5. Fricas 1.3.8 (June 21, 2022) based on sbcl 2.1.11.debian on Linux via sagemath 9.6.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-13 (July 3, 2022) on Linux via sagemath 9.6.
7. Sympy 1.10.1 (March 20, 2022) Using Python 3.10.4 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was called directly from Python.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed.

If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (23)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	100.00 (23)	0.00 (0)
Fricas	100.00 (23)	0.00 (0)
Maple	100.00 (23)	0.00 (0)
Mupad	100.00 (23)	0.00 (0)
Giac	100.00 (23)	0.00 (0)
Maxima	78.26 (18)	21.74 (5)
Sympy	0.00 (0)	100.00 (23)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

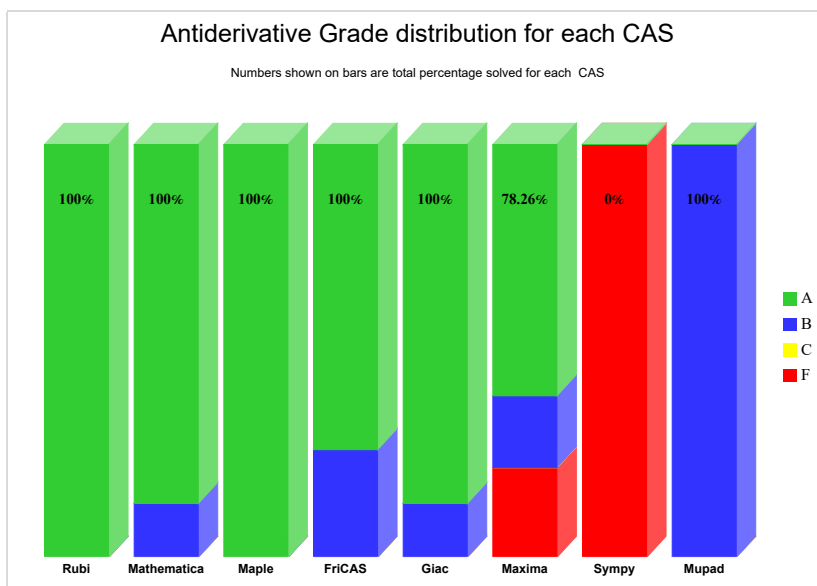
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

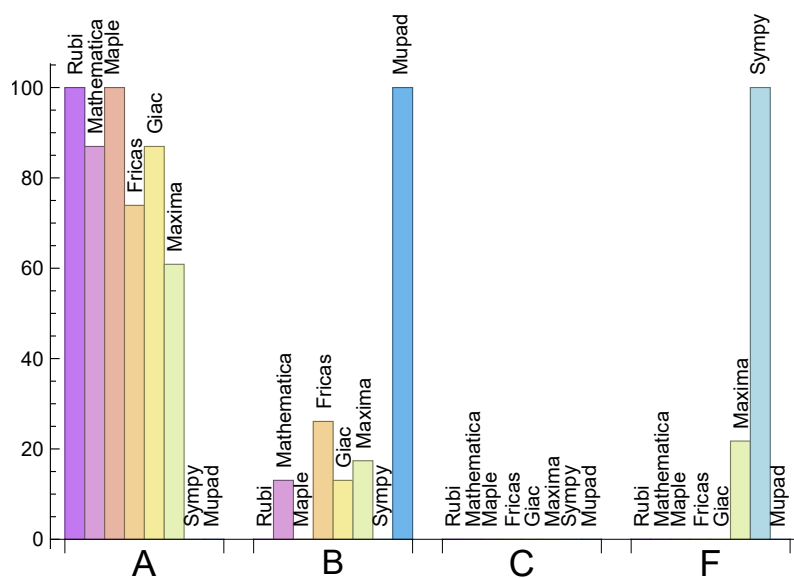
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	86.96	13.04	0.00	0.00
Giac	86.96	13.04	0.00	0.00
Fricas	73.91	26.09	0.00	0.00
Maxima	60.87	17.39	0.00	21.74
Mupad	N/A	100.00	0.00	0.00
Sympy	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the CAS systems for each grade level.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failure for each CAS. There are 3 types of reasons why it can fail. The first is when CAS returns back the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical normal failure **F**.

The second is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated. Assigned **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and

Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in CAS. This type of error requires more investigations to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Mathematica	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Maple	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Fricas	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Giac	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Maxima	5	0.00 %	0.00 %	100.00 %
Sympy	23	100.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Mupad	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

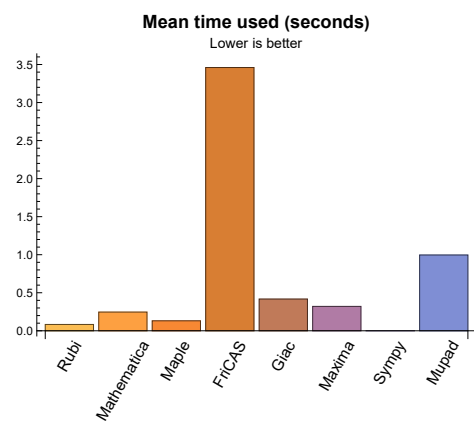
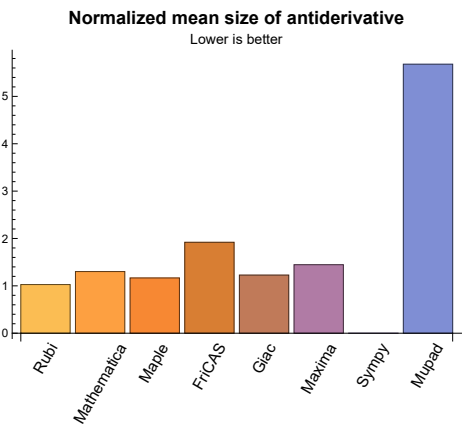
Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Rubi	0.08	73.00	1.03	58.00	1.00
Mathematica	0.25	89.26	1.30	71.00	1.04
Maple	0.13	80.04	1.17	60.00	1.19
Maxima	0.32	79.56	1.45	54.00	1.12
Fricas	3.46	166.35	1.92	70.00	1.27
Sympy	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	0.42	91.52	1.23	65.00	1.23
Mupad	1.00	535.04	5.68	113.00	2.33

Table 1.5: Time and leaf size performance for each CAS

The following are bar charts for the normalized leafsize and time used from the above table.



1.4 list of integrals that has no closed form antiderivative

{

1.5 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Mupad {}

1.6 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not mean necessarily that the anti-derivative is wrong, as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it easier to do further investigation to determine why it was not possible to verify the result produced.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple Verification phase not implemented yet.

Maxima Verification phase not implemented yet.

Fricas Verification phase not implemented yet.

Sympy Verification phase not implemented yet.

Giac Verification phase not implemented yet.

Mupad Verification phase not implemented yet.

1.7 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.8 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for `Rubi` and `Mathematica`.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.9 Important notes about some of the results

1.9.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'
'display2d : false'
'domain : complex'
'keepfloat : true'
'load(to_poly_solve)'
'load(simplify_sum)'
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
```

```
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

1.9.2 Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

1.9.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount =1
```

1.9.4 Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

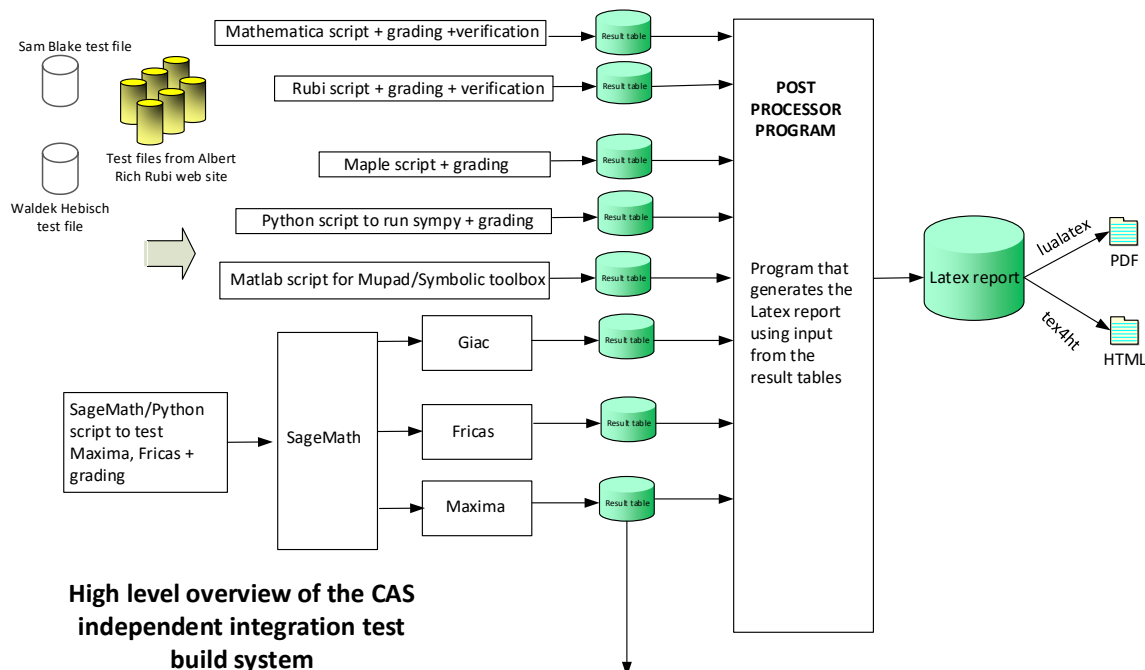
The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.10 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified.

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,..}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Chapter 2

detailed summary tables of results

Local contents

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	20
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	23
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	28

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Local contents

2.1.1	Rubi	21
2.1.2	Mathematica	21
2.1.3	Maple	21
2.1.4	Maxima	21
2.1.5	FriCAS	21
2.1.6	Sympy	22
2.1.7	Giac	22
2.1.8	Mupad	22

2.1.1 Rubi

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

B grade: { }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.2 Mathematica

A grade: { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

B grade: { 1, 8, 10 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.3 Maple

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

B grade: { }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.4 Maxima

A grade: { 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 }

B grade: { 1, 3, 8, 10 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

2.1.5 FriCAS

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21 }

B grade: { 8, 10, 17, 18, 22, 23 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.6 Sympy

A grade: { }

B grade: { }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

2.1.7 Giac

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23 }

B grade: { 8, 10, 22 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.8 Mupad

A grade: { }

B grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as F(-1) if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as F(-2) if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given just an F.

In this table, the column **N.S.** in the table below, which stands for **normalized size** is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To help make the table fit, **Mathematica** was abbrevi-

	Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
viated to MMA .	grade	A	A	B	A	B	A	F	A	B
	verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	size	55	55	111	84	194	58	0	80	83
	N.S.	1	1.00	2.02	1.53	3.53	1.05	0.00	1.45	1.51
	time (sec)	N/A	0.070	0.163	0.112	0.472	4.127	0.000	0.428	0.479

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	50	44	58	71	0	52	134
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.65	0.85	1.04	0.00	0.76	1.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.052	0.152	0.109	0.263	3.172	0.000	0.405	0.435

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	62	54	94	38	0	49	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.59	1.38	2.41	0.97	0.00	1.26	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.058	0.109	0.080	0.467	2.780	0.000	0.420	0.291

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	30	28	31	35	0	34	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.70	0.78	0.88	0.00	0.85	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.037	0.062	0.095	0.262	3.124	0.000	0.426	0.339

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	9	9	9	17	9	9	0	9	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.89	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	2.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.018	0.012	0.060	0.262	3.769	0.000	0.412	0.294

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	30	18	30	25	0	17	45
N.S.	1	1.00	2.00	1.20	2.00	1.67	0.00	1.13	3.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.029	0.038	0.073	0.467	2.975	0.000	0.411	0.282

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	11	13	18	19	0	14	36
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.81	1.12	1.19	0.00	0.88	2.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.030	0.024	0.069	0.261	3.074	0.000	0.413	0.304

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	B	A	B	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	90	51	86	64	0	65	85
N.S.	1	1.00	2.90	1.65	2.77	2.06	0.00	2.10	2.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.044	0.043	0.095	0.466	4.479	0.000	0.422	0.298

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	26	25	29	45	0	29	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.69	0.81	1.25	0.00	0.81	2.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.036	0.034	0.112	0.267	3.564	0.000	0.415	0.297

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	B	A	B	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	163	83	134	104	0	109	123
N.S.	1	1.00	3.33	1.69	2.73	2.12	0.00	2.22	2.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.061	0.050	0.097	0.465	3.360	0.000	0.424	0.333

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	39	41	42	70	0	41	113
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.71	0.72	1.21	0.00	0.71	1.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.043	0.058	0.113	0.271	2.621	0.000	0.413	0.431

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	178	172	160	251	260	0	252	445
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.90	1.41	1.46	0.00	1.42	2.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.867	0.272	0.272	3.755	0.000	0.401	2.300

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	115	101	120	144	0	139	172
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.89	1.06	1.27	0.00	1.23	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.118	0.527	0.162	0.268	2.879	0.000	0.403	1.137

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	56	60	50	58	0	53	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.91	0.76	0.88	0.00	0.80	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.064	0.066	0.107	0.260	3.195	0.000	0.403	0.442

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	11	21	11	11	0	12	55
N.S.	1	1.00	0.58	1.11	0.58	0.58	0.00	0.63	2.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.017	0.011	0.055	0.263	4.124	0.000	0.430	0.418

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	39	43	42	47	0	44	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.13	1.11	1.24	0.00	1.16	1.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.045	0.054	0.117	0.265	3.052	0.000	0.427	0.459

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	85	86	84	151	0	90	157
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	1.19	1.17	2.10	0.00	1.25	2.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.061	0.150	0.164	0.255	2.503	0.000	0.412	0.567

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	132	149	149	327	0	155	284
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.22	1.22	2.68	0.00	1.27	2.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.090	0.312	0.206	0.262	2.904	0.000	0.406	0.870

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	205	194	190	0	483	0	216	2500
N.S.	1	1.29	1.22	1.19	0.00	3.04	0.00	1.36	15.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	1.161	0.204	0.000	3.505	0.000	0.424	7.377

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	112	87	106	0	296	0	103	2341
N.S.	1	1.33	1.04	1.26	0.00	3.52	0.00	1.23	27.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.123	0.276	0.138	0.000	3.433	0.000	0.419	2.258

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	71	75	0	206	0	80	697
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	1.23	0.00	3.38	0.00	1.31	11.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.121	0.075	0.123	0.000	4.278	0.000	0.435	0.526

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	158	141	0	453	0	163	2163
N.S.	1	1.00	1.74	1.55	0.00	4.98	0.00	1.79	23.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.446	0.197	0.000	4.760	0.000	0.405	1.190

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	186	312	251	0	852	0	299	2500
N.S.	1	1.00	1.68	1.35	0.00	4.58	0.00	1.61	13.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.968	0.256	0.000	4.157	0.000	0.443	1.586

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral was to solve. In this test, problem number [1] had the largest ratio of [13]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	5	3	1.00	13	0.231
2	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
3	A	4	3	1.00	13	0.231
4	A	3	2	1.00	11	0.182
5	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
6	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
7	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
8	A	4	3	1.00	13	0.231
9	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
10	A	5	3	1.00	13	0.231
11	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
12	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
13	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
14	A	3	2	1.00	11	0.182
15	A	4	4	1.00	11	0.364
16	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
17	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
18	A	3	2	1.00	13	0.154
19	A	16	9	1.29	13	0.692
20	A	10	9	1.33	13	0.692
21	A	8	8	1.00	13	0.615
22	A	7	7	1.00	13	0.538
23	A	16	9	1.00	13	0.692

Chapter 3

Listing of integrals

Local contents

3.1	$\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	30
3.2	$\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	34
3.3	$\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	38
3.4	$\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	42
3.5	$\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	45
3.6	$\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	48
3.7	$\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	51
3.8	$\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	54
3.9	$\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	58
3.10	$\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	61
3.11	$\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$	65
3.12	$\int \frac{\tan^5(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	69
3.13	$\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	73
3.14	$\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	77
3.15	$\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	80
3.16	$\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	83
3.17	$\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	86
3.18	$\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	90
3.19	$\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	94
3.20	$\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	101
3.21	$\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	107

3.22	$\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	112
3.23	$\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$	118

3.1 $\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=55

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(15 - 8 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{15a} + \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a}$$

[Out] x/a-1/15*(15-8*csc(x))*tan(x)/a+1/15*(5-4*csc(x))*tan(x)^3/a-1/5*(1-csc(x))*tan(x)^5/a

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {3973, 3967, 8}

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan^5(x)(1 - \csc(x))}{5a} + \frac{\tan^3(x)(5 - 4 \csc(x))}{15a} - \frac{\tan(x)(15 - 8 \csc(x))}{15a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Tan[x]^4/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] x/a - ((15 - 8*Csc[x])*Tan[x])/(15*a) + ((5 - 4*Csc[x])*Tan[x]^3)/(15*a) - ((1 - Csc[x])*Tan[x]^5)/(5*a)

Rule 8

Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]

Rule 3967

Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 1))*((a + b*Csc[c + d*x])/(d*e*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[1/(e^2*(m + 1)), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2)*(a*(m + 1) + b*(m + 2)*Csc[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]

Rule 3973

Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int (-a + a \csc(x)) \tan^6(x) dx}{a^2} \\
&= -\frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\int (5a - 4a \csc(x)) \tan^4(x) dx}{5a^2} \\
&= \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\int (-15a + 8a \csc(x)) \tan^2(x) dx}{15a^2} \\
&= -\frac{(15 - 8 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{15a} + \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\int 15a dx}{15a^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(15 - 8 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{15a} + \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

time = 0.16, size = 111, normalized size = 2.02

$$\frac{200 + 6(-89 + 120x) \cos(x) + 128 \cos(2x) - 178 \cos(3x) + 240x \cos(3x) + 184 \cos(4x) - 64 \sin(x) - 178 \sin(2x) + 240x \sin(2x) - 128 \sin(3x) - 89 \sin(4x) + 120x \sin(4x)}{960a (\cos(\frac{x}{2}) - \sin(\frac{x}{2}))^3 (\cos(\frac{x}{2}) + \sin(\frac{x}{2}))^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^4/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] (200 + 6*(-89 + 120*x)*Cos[x] + 128*Cos[2*x] - 178*Cos[3*x] + 240*x*Cos[3*x] + 184*Cos[4*x] - 64*Sin[x] - 178*Sin[2*x] + 240*x*Sin[2*x] - 128*Sin[3*x] - 89*Sin[4*x] + 120*x*Sin[4*x])/(960*a*(Cos[x/2] - Sin[x/2])^3*(Cos[x/2] + Sin[x/2])^5)

Maple [A]

time = 0.11, size = 84, normalized size = 1.53

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)^3} - \frac{1}{4(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)^2} + \frac{5}{8(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)} + 2 \arctan(\tan(\frac{x}{2})) + \frac{2}{5(\tan(\frac{x}{2})+1)^5} - \frac{1}{(\tan(\frac{x}{2})+1)^4} + \frac{1}{(\tan(\frac{x}{2})+1)^2} + \frac{11}{8(\tan(\frac{x}{2})+1)}}{a}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\frac{62ie^{2ix}}{15} + \frac{146e^{3ix}}{15} + \frac{62e^{ix}}{15} + \frac{10ie^{4ix}}{3} + \frac{26e^{5ix}}{3} + \frac{46i}{15} - 2ie^{6ix} + 2e^{7ix}}{(i+e^{ix})^5(e^{ix}-i)^3 a}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 64/a*(-1/384/(tan(1/2*x)-1)^3-1/256/(tan(1/2*x)-1)^2+5/512/(tan(1/2*x)-1)+1/32*arctan(tan(1/2*x))+1/160/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^5-1/64/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^4+1/64/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^2+11/512/(tan(1/2*x)+1))

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. 2(47) = 94.

time = 0.47, size = 194, normalized size = 3.53

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{46 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{13 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + \frac{100 \sin(x)^4}{(\cos(x)+1)^4} + \frac{35 \sin(x)^5}{(\cos(x)+1)^5} - \frac{30 \sin(x)^6}{(\cos(x)+1)^6} - \frac{15 \sin(x)^7}{(\cos(x)+1)^7} + 8 \right)}{15 \left(a + \frac{2a \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{2a \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{6a \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + \frac{6a \sin(x)^5}{(\cos(x)+1)^5} + \frac{2a \sin(x)^6}{(\cos(x)+1)^6} - \frac{2a \sin(x)^7}{(\cos(x)+1)^7} - \frac{a \sin(x)^8}{(\cos(x)+1)^8} \right)} + \frac{2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} \right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 2/15*(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) - 46*sin(x)^2/(cos(x) + 1)^2 - 13*sin(x)^3/(cos(x) + 1)^3 + 100*sin(x)^4/(cos(x) + 1)^4 + 35*sin(x)^5/(cos(x) + 1)^5 - 30*sin(x)^6/(cos(x) + 1)^6 - 15*sin(x)^7/(cos(x) + 1)^7 + 8)/(a + 2*a*sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) - 2*a*sin(x)^2/(cos(x) + 1)^2 - 6*a*sin(x)^3/(cos(x) + 1)^3 + 6*a*sin(x)^5/(cos(x) + 1)^5 + 2*a*sin(x)^6/(cos(x) + 1)^6 - 2*a*sin(x)^7/(cos(x) + 1)^7 - a*sin(x)^8/(cos(x) + 1)^8) + 2*arctan(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1))/a

Fricas [A]

time = 4.13, size = 58, normalized size = 1.05

$$\frac{15 x \cos(x)^3 + 23 \cos(x)^4 - 19 \cos(x)^2 + (15 x \cos(x)^3 - 8 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \sin(x) + 4}{15 (a \cos(x)^3 \sin(x) + a \cos(x)^3)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/15*(15*x*cos(x)^3 + 23*cos(x)^4 - 19*cos(x)^2 + (15*x*cos(x)^3 - 8*cos(x)^2 + 1)*sin(x) + 4)/(a*cos(x)^3*sin(x) + a*cos(x)^3)

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**4/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(tan(x)**4/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [A]

time = 0.43, size = 80, normalized size = 1.45

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 36 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 17}{24 a (\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 1)^3} + \frac{55 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 + 260 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 450 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 300 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 71}{40 a (\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 1)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] x/a + 1/24*(15*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 36*tan(1/2*x) + 17)/(a*(tan(1/2*x) - 1)^3) + 1/40*(55*tan(1/2*x)^4 + 260*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 450*tan(1/2*x)^2 + 300*tan(1/2*x) + 71)/(a*(tan(1/2*x) + 1)^5)

Mupad [B]

time = 0.48, size = 83, normalized size = 1.51

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{-2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^7 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^6 + \frac{14 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5}{3} + \frac{40 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}{3} - \frac{26 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{15} - \frac{92 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{15} + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{15} + \frac{16}{15}}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(tan(x)^4/(a + a/sin(x)),x)

[Out] x/a - ((2*tan(x/2))/15 - (92*tan(x/2)^2)/15 - (26*tan(x/2)^3)/15 + (40*tan(x/2)^4)/3 + (14*tan(x/2)^5)/3 - 4*tan(x/2)^6 - 2*tan(x/2)^7 + 16/15)/(a*(tan(x/2) - 1)^3*(tan(x/2) + 1)^5)

3.2 $\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=68

$$\frac{5 \log(1 - \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{11 \log(1 + \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{1}{8a(1 - \sin(x))} - \frac{1}{8a(1 + \sin(x))^2} + \frac{3}{4a(1 + \sin(x))}$$

[Out] 5/16*ln(1-sin(x))/a+11/16*ln(1+sin(x))/a+1/8/a/(1-sin(x))-1/8/a/(1+sin(x))^2+3/4/a/(1+sin(x))

Rubi [A]

time = 0.05, antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3964, 90}

$$\frac{1}{8a(1 - \sin(x))} + \frac{3}{4a(\sin(x) + 1)} - \frac{1}{8a(\sin(x) + 1)^2} + \frac{5 \log(1 - \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{11 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Tan[x]^3/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] (5*Log[1 - Sin[x]])/(16*a) + (11*Log[1 + Sin[x]])/(16*a) + 1/(8*a*(1 - Sin[x])) - 1/(8*a*(1 + Sin[x])^2) + 3/(4*a*(1 + Sin[x]))

Rule 90

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

Rule 3964

Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[(a - b*x)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*x)^((m - 1)/2 + n)/x^(m + n)), x], x, Sin[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= a^4 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^4}{(a - ax)^2 (a + ax)^3} dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\ &= a^4 \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{8a^5(-1+x)^2} + \frac{5}{16a^5(-1+x)} + \frac{1}{4a^5(1+x)^3} - \frac{3}{4a^5(1+x)^2} + \frac{11}{16a^5(1+x)} \right) dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\ &= \frac{5 \log(1 - \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{11 \log(1 + \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{1}{8a(1 - \sin(x))} - \frac{1}{8a(1 + \sin(x))^2} + \frac{3}{4a(1 + \sin(x))} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.15, size = 50, normalized size = 0.74

$$\frac{5 \log(1 - \sin(x)) + 11 \log(1 + \sin(x)) + \frac{2(-6 - 3 \sin(x) + 5 \sin^2(x))}{(-1 + \sin(x))(1 + \sin(x))^2}}{16a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^3/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]``[Out] (5*Log[1 - Sin[x]] + 11*Log[1 + Sin[x]] + (2*(-6 - 3*Sin[x] + 5*Sin[x]^2))/((-1 + Sin[x])*(1 + Sin[x])^2))/(16*a)`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.11, size = 44, normalized size = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{8(\sin(x)+1)^2} + \frac{3}{4(\sin(x)+1)} + \frac{11 \ln(\sin(x)+1)}{16} - \frac{1}{8(-1+\sin(x))} + \frac{5 \ln(-1+\sin(x))}{16}}{a}$	44
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{i(5e^{ix} + 6ie^{2ix} + 14e^{3ix} - 6ie^{4ix} + 5e^{5ix})}{4(e^{ix}-i)^2(i+e^{ix})^4 a} + \frac{5 \ln(e^{ix}-i)}{8a} + \frac{11 \ln(i+e^{ix})}{8a}$	101

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] 1/a*(-1/8/(sin(x)+1)^2+3/4/(sin(x)+1)+11/16*ln(sin(x)+1)-1/8/(-1+sin(x))+5/16*ln(-1+sin(x)))`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 58, normalized size = 0.85

$$\frac{5 \sin(x)^2 - 3 \sin(x) - 6}{8(a \sin(x)^3 + a \sin(x)^2 - a \sin(x) - a)} + \frac{11 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16a} + \frac{5 \log(\sin(x) - 1)}{16a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/8*(5*sin(x)^2 - 3*sin(x) - 6)/(a*sin(x)^3 + a*sin(x)^2 - a*sin(x) - a) + 11/16*log(sin(x) + 1)/a + 5/16*log(sin(x) - 1)/a

Fricas [A]

time = 3.17, size = 71, normalized size = 1.04

$$\frac{10 \cos(x)^2 + 11 (\cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1) + 5 (\cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)^2) \log(-\sin(x) + 1) + 6 \sin(x) + 2}{16 (a \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + a \cos(x)^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/16*(10*cos(x)^2 + 11*(cos(x)^2*sin(x) + cos(x)^2)*log(sin(x) + 1) + 5*(cos(x)^2*sin(x) + cos(x)^2)*log(-sin(x) + 1) + 6*sin(x) + 2)/(a*cos(x)^2*sin(x) + a*cos(x)^2)

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**3/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(tan(x)**3/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 52, normalized size = 0.76

$$\frac{11 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16 a} + \frac{5 \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{16 a} + \frac{5 \sin(x)^2 - 3 \sin(x) - 6}{8 a (\sin(x) + 1)^2 (\sin(x) - 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 11/16*log(sin(x) + 1)/a + 5/16*log(-sin(x) + 1)/a + 1/8*(5*sin(x)^2 - 3*sin(x) - 6)/(a*(sin(x) + 1)^2*(sin(x) - 1))

Mupad [B]

time = 0.43, size = 134, normalized size = 1.97

$$\frac{5 \ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2}) - 1)}{8 a} + \frac{11 \ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2}) + 1)}{8 a} - \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 1)}{a} + \frac{-\frac{3 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^5}{4} + \frac{\tan(\frac{x}{2})^4}{2} + \frac{9 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^3}{2} + \frac{\tan(\frac{x}{2})^2}{2} - \frac{3 \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{4}}{a \tan(\frac{x}{2})^6 + 2 a \tan(\frac{x}{2})^5 - a \tan(\frac{x}{2})^4 - 4 a \tan(\frac{x}{2})^3 - a \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 2 a \tan(\frac{x}{2}) + a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(tan(x)^3/(a + a/sin(x)),x)
```

```
[Out] (5*log(tan(x/2) - 1))/(8*a) + (11*log(tan(x/2) + 1))/(8*a) - log(tan(x/2)^2  
+ 1)/a + (tan(x/2)^2/2 - (3*tan(x/2))/4 + (9*tan(x/2)^3)/2 + tan(x/2)^4/2  
- (3*tan(x/2)^5)/4)/(a + 2*a*tan(x/2) - a*tan(x/2)^2 - 4*a*tan(x/2)^3 - a*t  
an(x/2)^4 + 2*a*tan(x/2)^5 + a*tan(x/2)^6)
```

3.3 $\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=39

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{(3 - 2 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{3a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{3a}$$

[Out] $-x/a+1/3*(3-2*\csc(x))*\tan(x)/a-1/3*(1-\csc(x))*\tan(x)^3/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {3973, 3967, 8}

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan^3(x)(1 - \csc(x))}{3a} + \frac{\tan(x)(3 - 2 \csc(x))}{3a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Tan[x]^2/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-(x/a) + ((3 - 2*\text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x])/(3*a) - ((1 - \text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x]^3)/(3*a)$

Rule 8

`Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

Rule 3967

`Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 1))*((a + b*Csc[c + d*x])/(d*e*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[1/(e^2*(m + 1)), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2)*(a*(m + 1) + b*(m + 2)*Csc[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && Lt Q[m, -1]`

Rule 3973

`Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)]/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int (-a + a \csc(x)) \tan^4(x) dx}{a^2} \\
&= -\frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\int (3a - 2a \csc(x)) \tan^2(x) dx}{3a^2} \\
&= \frac{(3 - 2 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{3a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\int -3a dx}{3a^2} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{(3 - 2 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{3a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{3a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.11, size = 62, normalized size = 1.59

$$-\frac{4 \cos(2x) - 2 \sin(x) + (-5 + 6x) \cos(x)(1 + \sin(x))}{6a \left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^2/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]`

```
[Out] -1/6*(4*Cos[2*x] - 2*Sin[x] + (-5 + 6*x)*Cos[x]*(1 + Sin[x]))/(a*(Cos[x/2] - Sin[x/2])*(Cos[x/2] + Sin[x/2])^3)
```

Maple [A]

time = 0.08, size = 54, normalized size = 1.38

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2(5e^{ix} + 4i + 3e^{3ix})}{3(i + e^{ix})^3(e^{ix} - i)a}$	50
default	$-\frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{2}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3} - \frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{3}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)} - \frac{1}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)}}{a}$	54

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] 16/a*(-1/8*arctan(tan(1/2*x))+1/24/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^3-1/16/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^2-3/32/(tan(1/2*x)+1)-1/32/(tan(1/2*x)-1))
```

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs. 2(33) = 66.

time = 0.47, size = 94, normalized size = 2.41

$$-\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{6 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{3 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + 2 \right)}{3 \left(a + \frac{2a \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{2a \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} - \frac{a \sin(x)^4}{(\cos(x)+1)^4} \right)} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-2/3*(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - 6*\sin(x)^2/(\cos(x) + 1)^2 - 3*\sin(x)^3/(\cos(x) + 1)^3 + 2)/(a + 2*a*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - 2*a*\sin(x)^3/(\cos(x) + 1)^3 - a*\sin(x)^4/(\cos(x) + 1)^4) - 2*\arctan(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a$

Fricas [A]

time = 2.78, size = 38, normalized size = 0.97

$$\frac{3x \cos(x) + 4 \cos(x)^2 + (3x \cos(x) - 1) \sin(x) - 2}{3(a \cos(x) \sin(x) + a \cos(x))}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-1/3*(3*x*\cos(x) + 4*\cos(x)^2 + (3*x*\cos(x) - 1)*\sin(x) - 2)/(a*\cos(x)*\sin(x) + a*\cos(x))$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**2/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(tan(x)**2/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [A]

time = 0.42, size = 49, normalized size = 1.26

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{1}{2a(\tan(\frac{1}{2}x) - 1)} - \frac{9 \tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^2 + 24 \tan(\frac{1}{2}x) + 11}{6a(\tan(\frac{1}{2}x) + 1)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-x/a - 1/2/(a*(\tan(1/2*x) - 1)) - 1/6*(9*\tan(1/2*x)^2 + 24*\tan(1/2*x) + 11)/(a*(\tan(1/2*x) + 1)^3)$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.29, size = 51, normalized size = 1.31

$$\frac{-2 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^3 - 4 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + \frac{2 \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{3} + \frac{4}{3}}{a (\tan(\frac{x}{2}) - 1) (\tan(\frac{x}{2}) + 1)^3} - \frac{x}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(tan(x)^2/(a + a/sin(x)),x)
```

```
[Out] ((2*tan(x/2))/3 - 4*tan(x/2)^2 - 2*tan(x/2)^3 + 4/3)/(a*(tan(x/2) - 1)*(tan(x/2) + 1)^3) - x/a
```

3.4 $\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=40

$$-\frac{\log(1-\sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{3\log(1+\sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{1}{2a(1+\sin(x))}$$

[Out] $-1/4*\ln(1-\sin(x))/a-3/4*\ln(1+\sin(x))/a-1/2/a/(1+\sin(x))$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.04, antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {3964, 90}

$$-\frac{1}{2a(\sin(x)+1)} - \frac{\log(1-\sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{3\log(\sin(x)+1)}{4a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Tan[x]/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] $-1/4*\text{Log}[1 - \text{Sin}[x]]/a - (3*\text{Log}[1 + \text{Sin}[x]])/(4*a) - 1/(2*a*(1 + \text{Sin}[x]))$

Rule 90

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

Rule 3964

Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[(a - b*x)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*x)^((m - 1)/2 + n)/x^(m + n)), x], x, Sin[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx &= a^2 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(a-ax)(a+ax)^2} dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\ &= a^2 \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(-\frac{1}{4a^3(-1+x)} + \frac{1}{2a^3(1+x)^2} - \frac{3}{4a^3(1+x)} \right) dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\ &= -\frac{\log(1-\sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{3\log(1+\sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{1}{2a(1+\sin(x))} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.06, size = 30, normalized size = 0.75

$$\frac{\log(1 - \sin(x)) + 3 \log(1 + \sin(x)) + \frac{2}{1 + \sin(x)}}{4a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Tan[x]/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]``[Out] -1/4*(Log[1 - Sin[x]] + 3*Log[1 + Sin[x]] + 2/(1 + Sin[x]))/a`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.10, size = 28, normalized size = 0.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(-1+\sin(x))}{4} - \frac{1}{2(\sin(x)+1)} - \frac{3 \ln(\sin(x)+1)}{4}}{a}$	28
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{ie^{ix}}{(i+e^{ix})^2 a} - \frac{\ln(e^{ix}-i)}{2a} - \frac{3 \ln(i+e^{ix})}{2a}$	58

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] 1/a*(-1/4*ln(-1+sin(x))-1/2/(sin(x)+1)-3/4*ln(sin(x)+1))`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 31, normalized size = 0.78

$$\frac{3 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) - 1)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2(a \sin(x) + a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")``[Out] -3/4*log(sin(x) + 1)/a - 1/4*log(sin(x) - 1)/a - 1/2/(a*sin(x) + a)`**Fricas [A]**

time = 3.12, size = 35, normalized size = 0.88

$$\frac{3(\sin(x) + 1) \log(\sin(x) + 1) + (\sin(x) + 1) \log(-\sin(x) + 1) + 2}{4(a \sin(x) + a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")``[Out] -1/4*(3*(sin(x) + 1)*log(sin(x) + 1) + (sin(x) + 1)*log(-sin(x) + 1) + 2)/(a*sin(x) + a)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\tan(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(tan(x)/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [A]

time = 0.43, size = 34, normalized size = 0.85

$$-\frac{3 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4a} - \frac{\log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2a(\sin(x) + 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -3/4*log(sin(x) + 1)/a - 1/4*log(-sin(x) + 1)/a - 1/2/(a*(sin(x) + 1))

Mupad [B]

time = 0.34, size = 62, normalized size = 1.55

$$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 2a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + a} - \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2a} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2a} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(tan(x)/(a + a/sin(x)),x)

[Out] tan(x/2)/(a + 2*a*tan(x/2) + a*tan(x/2)^2) - (3*log(tan(x/2) + 1))/(2*a) - log(tan(x/2) - 1)/(2*a) + log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1)/a

3.5 $\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=9

$$\frac{\log(1 + \sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] ln(1+sin(x))/a

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {3964, 31}

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Cot[x]/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] Log[1 + Sin[x]]/a

Rule 31

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))⁽⁻¹⁾, x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]

Rule 3964

Int[cot[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^{n*d}), Subst[Int[(a - b*x)^{((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*x)^{((m - 1)/2 + n)/x^(m + n))}, x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a² - b², 0] && IntegerQ[n]}

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{a + ax} dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\ &= \frac{\log(1 + \sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.01, size = 9, normalized size = 1.00

$$\frac{\log(1 + \sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] Log[1 + Sin[x]]/a

Maple [A]

time = 0.06, size = 17, normalized size = 1.89

method	result	size
derivativdivides	$-\frac{\ln(\csc(x))-\ln(1+\csc(x))}{a}$	17
default	$-\frac{\ln(\csc(x))-\ln(1+\csc(x))}{a}$	17
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{2\ln(i+e^{ix})}{a}$	23

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -1/a*(ln(csc(x))-ln(1+csc(x)))

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 9, normalized size = 1.00

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] log(sin(x) + 1)/a

Fricas [A]

time = 3.77, size = 9, normalized size = 1.00

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] log(sin(x) + 1)/a

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 9, normalized size = 1.00

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] log(sin(x) + 1)/a

Mupad [B]

time = 0.29, size = 25, normalized size = 2.78

$$\frac{2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)/(a + a/sin(x)),x)

[Out] (2*log(tan(x/2) + 1) - log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1))/a

3.6

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=15

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-\frac{x}{a}-\text{arctanh}(\cos(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3973, 3855}

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^2/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(x/a) - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]/a$

Rule 3855

$\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

Rule 3973

$\text{Int}[(\text{cot}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(e_.))^{(m_.)}*(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Dist}[a^{(2*n)}/e^{(2*n)}, \text{Int}[(e*\text{Cot}[c + d*x])^{(m + 2*n)}]/(-a + b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int (-a + a \csc(x)) dx}{a^2} \\ &= -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\int \csc(x) dx}{a} \\ &= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 30, normalized size = 2.00

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a} + \frac{\log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^2/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]``[Out] -(x/a) - Log[Cos[x/2]]/a + Log[Sin[x/2]]/a`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.07, size = 18, normalized size = 1.20

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a}$	18
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\ln(e^{ix}+1)}{a} + \frac{\ln(e^{ix}-1)}{a}$	33

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] 1/a*(-2*arctan(tan(1/2*x))+ln(tan(1/2*x)))`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.47, size = 30, normalized size = 2.00

$$-\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")``[Out] -2*arctan(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1))/a + log(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1))/a`**Fricas [A]**

time = 2.98, size = 25, normalized size = 1.67

$$-\frac{2x + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \log\left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")``[Out] -1/2*(2*x + log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2))/a`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx$$

$$a$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)**2/(a+a*csc(x)),x)``[Out] Integral(cot(x)**2/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`**Giac [A]**

time = 0.41, size = 17, normalized size = 1.13

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)|)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")``[Out] -x/a + log(abs(tan(1/2*x)))/a`**Mupad [B]**

time = 0.28, size = 45, normalized size = 3.00

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{4}{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+4} - \frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+4}\right)}{a} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)^2/(a + a/sin(x)),x)``[Out] (2*atan(4/(4*tan(x/2) + 4) - (4*tan(x/2))/(4*tan(x/2) + 4)))/a + log(tan(x/2))/a`

$$3.7 \quad \int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=16

$$-\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] -csc(x)/a-ln(sin(x))/a

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3964, 45}

$$-\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Cot[x]^3/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] -(Csc[x]/a) - Log[Sin[x]]/a

Rule 45

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])

Rule 3964

Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[(a - b*x)^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^((m - 1)/2 + n)/x^(m + n)], x], x, Sin[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{a-ax}{x^2} dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^2} \\ &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{a}{x^2} - \frac{a}{x}\right) dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^2} \\ &= -\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 11, normalized size = 0.69

$$-\frac{\csc(x) + \log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^3/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] -((Csc[x] + Log[Sin[x]])/a)

Maple [A]

time = 0.07, size = 13, normalized size = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\csc(x) + \ln(\csc(x))}{a}$	13
default	$-\frac{\csc(x) + \ln(\csc(x))}{a}$	13
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2ie^{ix}}{a(e^{2ix}-1)} - \frac{\ln(e^{2ix}-1)}{a}$	42

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/a*(-csc(x)+ln(csc(x)))

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 18, normalized size = 1.12

$$-\frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{a \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -log(sin(x))/a - 1/(a*sin(x))

Fricas [A]

time = 3.07, size = 19, normalized size = 1.19

$$-\frac{\log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(x)\right) \sin(x) + 1}{a \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-(\log(1/2*\sin(x))*\sin(x) + 1)/(a*\sin(x))$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**3/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**3/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 14, normalized size = 0.88

$$-\frac{\frac{1}{\sin(x)} + \log(|\sin(x)|)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `-(1/sin(x) + log(abs(sin(x))))/a`

Mupad [B]

time = 0.30, size = 36, normalized size = 2.25

$$-\frac{\frac{\tan(\frac{x}{2})}{2} - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^3/(a + a/sin(x)),x)`

[Out] `-(tan(x/2)/2 - log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1) + log(tan(x/2)) + 1/(2*tan(x/2)))/a`

3.8 $\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=31

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a}$$

[Out] $x/a+1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))/a+1/2*\cot(x)*(2-\csc(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.04, antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {3973, 3966, 3855}

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cot}[x]^4/(a + a*\operatorname{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $x/a + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]]/(2*a) + (\operatorname{Cot}[x]*(2 - \operatorname{Csc}[x]))/(2*a)$

Rule 3855

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

Rule 3966

$\operatorname{Int}[(\operatorname{cot}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(e_.))^{(m_.)}*(\operatorname{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-e)*(e*\operatorname{Cot}[c + d*x])^{(m-1)}*((a*m + b*(m-1)*\operatorname{Csc}[c + d*x])/(d*m*(m-1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[e^{2/m}, \operatorname{Int}[(e*\operatorname{Cot}[c + d*x])^{(m-2)}*(a*m + b*(m-1)*\operatorname{Csc}[c + d*x]), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 1]$

Rule 3973

$\operatorname{Int}[(\operatorname{cot}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(e_.))^{(m_.)}*(\operatorname{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[a^{(2*n)}/e^{(2*n)}, \operatorname{Int}[(e*\operatorname{Cot}[c + d*x])^{(m+2*n)}]/(-a + b*\operatorname{Csc}[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int \cot^2(x)(-a + a \csc(x)) dx}{a^2} \\
&= \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a} - \frac{\int (-2a + a \csc(x)) dx}{2a^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a} - \frac{\int \csc(x) dx}{2a} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. 2(31) = 62.

time = 0.04, size = 90, normalized size = 2.90

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2a} - \frac{\csc^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8a} + \frac{\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a} - \frac{\log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a} + \frac{\sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^4/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] x/a + Cot[x/2]/(2*a) - Csc[x/2]^2/(8*a) + Log[Cos[x/2]]/(2*a) - Log[Sin[x/2]]/(2*a) + Sec[x/2]^2/(8*a) - Tan[x/2]/(2*a)

Maple [A]

time = 0.10, size = 51, normalized size = 1.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2} - 2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 8 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} - 2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{4a}$	51
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2ie^{2ix} + e^{3ix} - 2i + e^{ix}}{a(e^{2ix} - 1)^2} + \frac{\ln(e^{ix} + 1)}{2a} - \frac{\ln(e^{ix} - 1)}{2a}$	67

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/4/a*(1/2*tan(1/2*x)^2-2*tan(1/2*x)+8*arctan(tan(1/2*x))-1/2/tan(1/2*x)^2+2/tan(1/2*x)-2*ln(tan(1/2*x)))

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 86 vs. 2(25) = 50.

time = 0.47, size = 86, normalized size = 2.77

$$-\frac{4 \sin(x)}{8 a \cos(x)+1} - \frac{\sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{2 a} + \frac{\left(\frac{4 \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - 1\right)(\cos(x)+1)^2}{8 a \sin(x)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-1/8*(4*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - \sin(x)^2/(\cos(x) + 1)^2)/a + 2*\arctan(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a - 1/2*\log(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a + 1/8*(4*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - 1)*(\cos(x) + 1)^2/(a*\sin(x)^2)$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

time = 4.48, size = 64, normalized size = 2.06

$$\frac{4x \cos(x)^2 + (\cos(x)^2 - 1) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - (\cos(x)^2 - 1) \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 4 \cos(x) \sin(x) - 4x + 2 \cos(x)}{4(a \cos(x)^2 - a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $1/4*(4*x*\cos(x)^2 + (\cos(x)^2 - 1)*\log(1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - (\cos(x)^2 - 1)*\log(-1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - 4*\cos(x)*\sin(x) - 4*x + 2*\cos(x))/(a*\cos(x)^2 - a)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)**4/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**4/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. $2(25) = 50$.
time = 0.42, size = 65, normalized size = 2.10

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{2a} + \frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 4a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{8a^2} + \frac{6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 1}{8a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $x/a - 1/2*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*x)))/a + 1/8*(a*\tan(1/2*x)^2 - 4*a*\tan(1/2*x))/a^2 + 1/8*(6*\tan(1/2*x)^2 + 4*\tan(1/2*x) - 1)/(a*\tan(1/2*x)^2)$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.30, size = 85, normalized size = 2.74

$$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{8a} - \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{4}{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2}\right)}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2a} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a} + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}}{4a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(cot(x)^4/(a + a/sin(x)),x)
```

```
[Out] tan(x/2)^2/(8*a) - (2*atan(4/(4*tan(x/2) + 2) - (2*tan(x/2))/(4*tan(x/2) + 2)))/a - tan(x/2)/(2*a) - log(tan(x/2))/(2*a) + (2*tan(x/2) - 1/2)/(4*a*tan(x/2)^2)
```

3.9 $\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=36

$$\frac{\csc(x)}{a} + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2a} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $\csc(x)/a+1/2*\csc(x)^2/a-1/3*\csc(x)^3/a+\ln(\sin(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.04, antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3964, 76}

$$-\frac{\csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2a} + \frac{\csc(x)}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^5/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $\text{Csc}[x]/a + \text{Csc}[x]^2/(2*a) - \text{Csc}[x]^3/(3*a) + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 76

$\text{Int}[(d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])

Rule 3964

$\text{Int}[\text{cot}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}(\text{csc}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]*(b_*) + (a_*))^{(n_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[1/(a^{(m-n-1)}*b^n*d), \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a - b*x)^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^{(m-1)/2+n}/x^{(m+n)}], x], x, \text{Sin}[c + d*x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a-ax)^2(a+ax)}{x^4} dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^4} \\ &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^4} - \frac{a^3}{x^3} - \frac{a^3}{x^2} + \frac{a^3}{x}\right) dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^4} \\ &= \frac{\csc(x)}{a} + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2a} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 26, normalized size = 0.72

$$\frac{\csc(x) + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3} + \log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^5/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]``[Out] (Csc[x] + Csc[x]^2/2 - Csc[x]^3/3 + Log[Sin[x]])/a`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.11, size = 25, normalized size = 0.69

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(\sin(x)) + \frac{1}{2\sin(x)^2} + \frac{1}{\sin(x)} - \frac{1}{3\sin(x)^3}}{a}$	25
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{2i(3ie^{4ix} + 3e^{5ix} - 3ie^{2ix} - 2e^{3ix} + 3e^{ix})}{3a(e^{2ix} - 1)^3} + \frac{\ln(e^{2ix} - 1)}{a}$	74

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] 1/a*(ln(sin(x))+1/2/sin(x)^2+1/sin(x)-1/3/sin(x)^3)`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.27, size = 29, normalized size = 0.81

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} + \frac{6\sin(x)^2 + 3\sin(x) - 2}{6a\sin(x)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")``[Out] log(sin(x))/a + 1/6*(6*sin(x)^2 + 3*sin(x) - 2)/(a*sin(x)^3)`**Fricas [A]**

time = 3.56, size = 45, normalized size = 1.25

$$\frac{6(\cos(x)^2 - 1)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\sin(x)\right)\sin(x) + 6\cos(x)^2 - 3\sin(x) - 4}{6(a\cos(x)^2 - a)\sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/6*(6*(\cos(x)^2 - 1)*\log(1/2*\sin(x))*\sin(x) + 6*\cos(x)^2 - 3*\sin(x) - 4)/(a*\cos(x)^2 - a*\sin(x))$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**5/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**5/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 29, normalized size = 0.81

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(x)^2 + 3 \sin(x) - 2}{\sin(x)^3} + 6 \log(|\sin(x)|)}{6 a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `1/6*((6*sin(x)^2 + 3*sin(x) - 2)/sin(x)^3 + 6*log(abs(sin(x))))/a`

Mupad [B]

time = 0.30, size = 80, normalized size = 2.22

$$\frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8 a} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}{a} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{8 a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{24 a} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a} + \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{3}}{8 a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^5/(a + a/sin(x)),x)`

[Out] `(3*tan(x/2))/(8*a) - log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1)/a + tan(x/2)^2/(8*a) - tan(x/2)^3/(24*a) + log(tan(x/2))/a + (tan(x/2) + 3*tan(x/2)^2 - 1/3)/(8*a*tan(x/2)^3)`

3.10 $\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=49

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a}$$

[Out] $-x/a - 3/8 \cdot \text{arctanh}(\cos(x))/a + 1/12 \cdot \cot(x)^3 \cdot (4 - 3 \cdot \csc(x))/a - 1/8 \cdot \cot(x) \cdot (8 - 3 \cdot \csc(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {3973, 3966, 3855}

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Cot[x]^6/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-(x/a) - (3 \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(8 \cdot a) + (\text{Cot}[x]^3 \cdot (4 - 3 \cdot \text{Csc}[x]))/(12 \cdot a) - (\text{Cot}[x] \cdot (8 - 3 \cdot \text{Csc}[x]))/(8 \cdot a)$

Rule 3855

`Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

Rule 3966

`Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m - 1)*((a*m + b*(m - 1)*Csc[c + d*x])/(d*m*(m - 1))), x] - Dist[e^2/m, Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m - 2)*(a*m + b*(m - 1)*Csc[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

Rule 3973

`Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int \cot^4(x)(-a + a \csc(x)) dx}{a^2} \\
&= \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\int \cot^2(x)(-4a + 3a \csc(x)) dx}{4a^2} \\
&= \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a} + \frac{\int (-8a + 3a \csc(x)) dx}{8a^2} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a} + \frac{3 \int \csc(x) dx}{8a} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(49) = 98.

time = 0.05, size = 163, normalized size = 3.33

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2 \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{3a} + \frac{5 \csc^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{32a} + \frac{\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \csc^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{24a} - \frac{\csc^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{64a} - \frac{3 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{8a} + \frac{3 \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{8a} - \frac{5 \sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{32a} + \frac{\sec^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{64a} + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{3a} - \frac{\sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{24a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^6/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] -(x/a) - (2*Cot[x/2])/(3*a) + (5*Csc[x/2]^2)/(32*a) + (Cot[x/2]*Csc[x/2]^2)/(24*a) - Csc[x/2]^4/(64*a) - (3*Log[Cos[x/2]])/(8*a) + (3*Log[Sin[x/2]])/(8*a) - (5*Sec[x/2]^2)/(32*a) + Sec[x/2]^4/(64*a) + (2*Tan[x/2])/(3*a) - (Sec[x/2]^2*Tan[x/2])/(24*a)

Maple [A]

time = 0.10, size = 83, normalized size = 1.69

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4} - \frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{3} - 2\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + 10 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 32 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4} + \frac{2}{3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3} + \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{10}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} + 6 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{16a}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{48ie^{6ix} + 15e^{7ix} - 96ie^{4ix} + 9e^{5ix} + 80ie^{2ix} + 9e^{3ix} - 32i + 15e^{ix}}{12a(e^{2ix} - 1)^4} - \frac{3 \ln(e^{ix} + 1)}{8a} + \frac{3 \ln(e^{ix} - 1)}{8a}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/16/a*(1/4*tan(1/2*x)^4-2/3*tan(1/2*x)^3-2*tan(1/2*x)^2+10*tan(1/2*x)-32*a*rctan(tan(1/2*x))-1/4/tan(1/2*x)^4+2/3/tan(1/2*x)^3+2/tan(1/2*x)^2-10/tan(1/2*x)+6*ln(tan(1/2*x)))

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. 2(43) = 86.

time = 0.46, size = 134, normalized size = 2.73

$$\frac{\frac{120 \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{24 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{8 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(x)^4}{(\cos(x)+1)^4}}{192 a} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a} + \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{8 a} + \frac{\left(\frac{8 \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} + \frac{24 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{120 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} - 3\right)(\cos(x)+1)^4}{192 a \sin(x)^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/192*(120*sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) - 24*sin(x)^2/(cos(x) + 1)^2 - 8*sin(x)^3/(cos(x) + 1)^3 + 3*sin(x)^4/(cos(x) + 1)^4)/a - 2*arctan(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1))/a + 3/8*log(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1))/a + 1/192*(8*sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) + 24*sin(x)^2/(cos(x) + 1)^2 - 120*sin(x)^3/(cos(x) + 1)^3 - 3)*(cos(x) + 1)^4/(a*sin(x)^4)

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. 2(43) = 86.

time = 3.36, size = 104, normalized size = 2.12

$$\frac{48 x \cos(x)^4 - 96 x \cos(x)^2 + 30 \cos(x)^3 + 9(\cos(x)^4 - 2 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 9(\cos(x)^4 - 2 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 16(4 \cos(x)^3 - 3 \cos(x)) \sin(x) + 48 x - 18 \cos(x)}{48(a \cos(x)^4 - 2 a \cos(x)^2 + a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -1/48*(48*x*cos(x)^4 - 96*x*cos(x)^2 + 30*cos(x)^3 + 9*(cos(x)^4 - 2*cos(x)^2 + 1)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - 9*(cos(x)^4 - 2*cos(x)^2 + 1)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - 16*(4*cos(x)^3 - 3*cos(x))*sin(x) + 48*x - 18*cos(x))/(a*cos(x)^4 - 2*a*cos(x)^2 + a)

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)**6/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**6/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(43) = 86.

time = 0.42, size = 109, normalized size = 2.22

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right)}{8 a} + \frac{3 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 - 8 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 - 24 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 120 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{192 a^4} - \frac{150 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 + 120 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 - 24 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 8 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 3}{192 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-x/a + 3/8*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*x)))/a + 1/192*(3*a^3*\tan(1/2*x)^4 - 8*a^3*\tan(1/2*x)^3 - 24*a^3*\tan(1/2*x)^2 + 120*a^3*\tan(1/2*x))/a^4 - 1/192*(150*\tan(1/2*x)^4 + 120*\tan(1/2*x)^3 - 24*\tan(1/2*x)^2 - 8*\tan(1/2*x) + 3)/(a*\tan(1/2*x)^4)$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.33, size = 123, normalized size = 2.51

$$\frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8 a} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{4}{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2\left(4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{3}{2}\right)}\right)}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{8 a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{24 a} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}{64 a} + \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{8 a} + \frac{-10 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3 + 2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{3} - \frac{1}{4}}{16 a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^6/(a + a/sin(x)),x)

[Out] $(5*\tan(x/2))/(8*a) + (2*\operatorname{atan}(4/(4*\tan(x/2) + 3/2) - (3*\tan(x/2))/(2*(4*\tan(x/2) + 3/2))))/a - \tan(x/2)^2/(8*a) - \tan(x/2)^3/(24*a) + \tan(x/2)^4/(64*a) + (3*\log(\tan(x/2)))/(8*a) + ((2*\tan(x/2))/3 + 2*\tan(x/2)^2 - 10*\tan(x/2)^3 - 1/4)/(16*a*\tan(x/2)^4)$

3.11 $\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=58

$$-\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\csc^2(x)}{a} + \frac{2 \csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4a} - \frac{\csc^5(x)}{5a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-\csc(x)/a - \csc(x)^2/a + 2/3 \csc(x)^3/a + 1/4 \csc(x)^4/a - 1/5 \csc(x)^5/a - \ln(\sin(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.04, antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3964, 90}

$$-\frac{\csc^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4a} + \frac{2 \csc^3(x)}{3a} - \frac{\csc^2(x)}{a} - \frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Cot[x]^7/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/a) - \text{Csc}[x]^2/a + (2*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(3*a) + \text{Csc}[x]^4/(4*a) - \text{Csc}[x]^5/(5*a) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 90

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

Rule 3964

Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[(a - b*x)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*x)^((m - 1)/2 + n)/x^(m + n)), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx = \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a-ax)^3(a+ax)^2}{x^6} dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^6}$$

$$= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{a^5}{x^6} - \frac{a^5}{x^5} - \frac{2a^5}{x^4} + \frac{2a^5}{x^3} + \frac{a^5}{x^2} - \frac{a^5}{x}\right) dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^6}$$

$$= -\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\csc^2(x)}{a} + \frac{2 \csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4a} - \frac{\csc^5(x)}{5a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.06, size = 39, normalized size = 0.67

$$-\frac{\csc(x) + \csc^2(x) - \frac{2 \csc^3(x)}{3} - \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4} + \frac{\csc^5(x)}{5} + \log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^7/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]``[Out] -((Csc[x] + Csc[x]^2 - (2*Csc[x]^3)/3 - Csc[x]^4/4 + Csc[x]^5/5 + Log[Sin[x]])/a)`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.11, size = 41, normalized size = 0.71

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{5 \sin(x)^5} - \ln(\sin(x)) - \frac{1}{\sin(x)} - \frac{1}{\sin(x)^2} + \frac{1}{4 \sin(x)^4} + \frac{2}{3 \sin(x)^3}}{a}$	41
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2i(30ie^{8ix} + 15e^{9ix} - 60ie^{6ix} - 20e^{7ix} + 60ie^{4ix} + 58e^{5ix} - 30ie^{2ix} - 20e^{3ix} + 15e^{ix})}{15a(e^{2ix} - 1)^5} - \frac{\ln(e^{2ix} - 1)}{a}$	105

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)^7/(a+a*csc(x)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] 1/a*(-1/5/sin(x)^5-ln(sin(x))-1/sin(x)-1/sin(x)^2+1/4/sin(x)^4+2/3/sin(x)^3)`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.27, size = 42, normalized size = 0.72

$$-\frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{60 \sin(x)^4 + 60 \sin(x)^3 - 40 \sin(x)^2 - 15 \sin(x) + 12}{60 a \sin(x)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-\log(\sin(x))/a - 1/60*(60*\sin(x)^4 + 60*\sin(x)^3 - 40*\sin(x)^2 - 15*\sin(x) + 12)/(a*\sin(x)^5)$

Fricas [A]

time = 2.62, size = 70, normalized size = 1.21

$$\frac{60 \cos(x)^4 + 60 (\cos(x)^4 - 2 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(x)\right) \sin(x) - 80 \cos(x)^2 - 15 (4 \cos(x)^2 - 3) \sin(x) + 32}{60 (a \cos(x)^4 - 2 a \cos(x)^2 + a) \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-1/60*(60*\cos(x)^4 + 60*(\cos(x)^4 - 2*\cos(x)^2 + 1)*\log(1/2*\sin(x))*\sin(x) - 80*\cos(x)^2 - 15*(4*\cos(x)^2 - 3)*\sin(x) + 32)/((a*\cos(x)^4 - 2*a*\cos(x)^2 + a)*\sin(x))$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)**7/(a+a*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**7/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 41, normalized size = 0.71

$$\frac{60 \sin(x)^4 + 60 \sin(x)^3 - 40 \sin(x)^2 - 15 \sin(x) + 12}{\sin(x)^5} + 60 \log(|\sin(x)|)$$

$$60 a$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-1/60*((60*\sin(x)^4 + 60*\sin(x)^3 - 40*\sin(x)^2 - 15*\sin(x) + 12)/\sin(x)^5 + 60*\log(\text{abs}(\sin(x))))/a$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.43, size = 113, normalized size = 1.95

$$\frac{180 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3 - 960 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) - 50 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 - 15 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 300 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4 + 300 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^6 + 180 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^7 - 50 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^8 - 15 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^9 + 6 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{10} + 960 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + 6}{960 a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(cot(x)^7/(a + a/sin(x)),x)
```

```
[Out] -(180*tan(x/2)^3 - 960*tan(x/2)^5*log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1) - 50*tan(x/2)^2 - 15*  
tan(x/2) + 300*tan(x/2)^4 + 300*tan(x/2)^6 + 180*tan(x/2)^7 - 50*tan(x/2)^8  
- 15*tan(x/2)^9 + 6*tan(x/2)^10 + 960*tan(x/2)^5*log(tan(x/2)) + 6)/(960*a  
*tan(x/2)^5)
```

3.12 $\int \frac{\tan^5(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=178

$$\frac{1}{16(a+b)(1-\csc(x))^2} + \frac{5a+7b}{16(a+b)^2(1-\csc(x))} + \frac{1}{16(a-b)(1+\csc(x))^2} + \frac{5a-7b}{16(a-b)^2(1+\csc(x))} - \frac{(8a^2+21ab+15b^2)\ln(1-\csc(x))}{(a+b)^3} - \frac{(8a^2-21ab+15b^2)\ln(1+\csc(x))}{(a-b)^3} + \frac{b^6 \ln(a+b \csc(x))}{a(a^2-b^2)^3} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] 1/16/(a+b)/(1-csc(x))^2+1/16*(5*a+7*b)/(a+b)^2/(1-csc(x))+1/16/(a-b)/(1+csc(x))^2+1/16*(5*a-7*b)/(a-b)^2/(1+csc(x))-1/16*(8*a^2+21*a*b+15*b^2)*ln(1-csc(x))/(a+b)^3-1/16*(8*a^2-21*a*b+15*b^2)*ln(1+csc(x))/(a-b)^3+b^6*ln(a+b*csc(x))/a/(a^2-b^2)^3-ln(sin(x))/a

Rubi [A]

time = 0.21, antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3970, 908}

$$-\frac{(8a^2+21ab+15b^2)\log(1-\csc(x))}{16(a+b)^3} - \frac{(8a^2-21ab+15b^2)\log(\csc(x)+1)}{16(a-b)^3} + \frac{b^6 \log(a+b \csc(x))}{a(a^2-b^2)^3} + \frac{5a+7b}{16(a+b)^2(1-\csc(x))} + \frac{5a-7b}{16(a-b)^2(\csc(x)+1)} + \frac{1}{16(a+b)(1-\csc(x))^2} + \frac{1}{16(a-b)(\csc(x)+1)^2} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Tan[x]^5/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] 1/(16*(a + b)*(1 - Csc[x])^2) + (5*a + 7*b)/(16*(a + b)^2*(1 - Csc[x])) + 1/(16*(a - b)*(1 + Csc[x])^2) + (5*a - 7*b)/(16*(a - b)^2*(1 + Csc[x])) - ((8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*Log[1 - Csc[x]])/(16*(a + b)^3) - ((8*a^2 - 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*Log[1 + Csc[x]])/(16*(a - b)^3) + (b^6*Log[a + b*Csc[x]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^3) - Log[Sin[x]]/a

Rule 908

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

Rule 3970

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[-(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[(b^2 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + x)^n/x), x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= b^6 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)(b^2-x^2)^3} dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \\ &= b^6 \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{8b^4(a+b)(b-x)^3} + \frac{5a+7b}{16b^5(a+b)^2(b-x)^2} + \frac{8a^2+21ab+15b^2}{16b^6(a+b)^3(b-x)} + \frac{1}{ab^6x} \right) \right. \\ &= \frac{1}{16(a+b)(1-\csc(x))^2} + \frac{5a+7b}{16(a+b)^2(1-\csc(x))} + \frac{1}{16(a-b)(1+\csc(x))^2} + \frac{5}{16(a-b)} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.87, size = 172, normalized size = 0.97

$$\frac{\csc(x)(b + a \sin(x)) \left(-\frac{(8a^2+21ab+15b^2) \log(1-\sin(x))}{(a+b)^3} - \frac{(8a^2-21ab+15b^2) \log(1+\sin(x))}{(a-b)^3} + \frac{16b^6 \log(b+a \sin(x))}{a(a-b)^3(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(-1+\sin(x))^2} + \frac{7a+9b}{(a+b)^2(-1+\sin(x))} + \frac{1}{(a-b)(1+\sin(x))^2} + \frac{-7a+9b}{(a-b)^2(1+\sin(x))} \right)}{16(a+b \csc(x))}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^5/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] (Csc[x]*(b + a*Sin[x])*(-(((8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*Log[1 - Sin[x]])/(a + b)^3 - ((8*a^2 - 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*Log[1 + Sin[x]])/(a - b)^3 + (16*b^6*Log[b + a*Sin[x]])/(a*(a - b)^3*(a + b)^3) + 1/((a + b)*(-1 + Sin[x])^2) + (7*a + 9*b)/((a + b)^2*(-1 + Sin[x])) + 1/((a - b)*(1 + Sin[x])^2) + (-7*a + 9*b)/((a - b)^2*(1 + Sin[x]))))/(16*(a + b*Csc[x]))

Maple [A]

time = 0.27, size = 160, normalized size = 0.90

method	result
default	$\frac{b^6 \ln(b+a \sin(x))}{(a+b)^3(a-b)^3 a} + \frac{1}{2(8a+8b)(-1+\sin(x))^2} - \frac{-7a-9b}{16(a+b)^2(-1+\sin(x))} + \frac{(-8a^2-21ab-15b^2) \ln(-1+\sin(x))}{16(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{2(8a-8b)(\sin(x)+1)}$
risch	$\frac{15ix b^2}{8(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} + \frac{15ix b^2}{8(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} + \frac{ix a^2}{a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3} + \frac{i(16ia^3e^{6ix}-24ia b^2e^{6ix}-5a^2be^{7ix}+9b^3e^{7ix}+16ia^3e^{7ix})}{8((a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\sin(x)^4+a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4-2(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\sin(x)^2)}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] b^6/(a+b)^3/(a-b)^3/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))+1/2/(8*a+8*b)/(-1+sin(x))^2-1/16*(-7*a-9*b)/(a+b)^2/(-1+sin(x))+1/16/(a+b)^3*(-8*a^2-21*a*b-15*b^2)*ln(-1+sin(x))+1/2/(8*a-8*b)/(sin(x)+1)^2-1/16*(7*a-9*b)/(a-b)^2/(sin(x)+1)+1/16/(a-b)^3*(-8*a^2+21*a*b-15*b^2)*ln(sin(x)+1)

Maxima [A]

time = 0.27, size = 251, normalized size = 1.41

$$\frac{b^6 \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a^7 - 3a^5b^2 + 3a^3b^4 - ab^6} - \frac{(8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)} - \frac{(8a^2 + 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) - 1)}{16(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{(5a^2b - 9b^3) \sin(x)^3 + 6a^3 - 10ab^2 - 4(2a^3 - 3ab^2) \sin(x)^2 - (3a^2b - 7b^3) \sin(x)}{8((a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \sin(x)^4 + a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 - 2(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \sin(x)^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $b^6 \log(a \sin(x) + b) / (a^7 - 3a^5 b^2 + 3a^3 b^4 - a b^6) - 1/16 (8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a^3 - 3a^2 b + 3ab^2 - b^3) - 1/16 (8a^2 + 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) - 1) / (a^3 + 3a^2 b + 3ab^2 + b^3) - 1/8 ((5a^2 b - 9b^3) \sin(x)^3 + 6a^3 - 10a^2 b - 4(2a^3 - 3a^2 b) \sin(x)^2 - (3a^2 b - 7b^3) \sin(x)) / ((a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 + b^4) \sin(x)^4 + a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 + b^4 - 2(a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 + b^4) \sin(x)^2)$

Fricas [A]

time = 3.75, size = 260, normalized size = 1.46

$\frac{16b^6 \cos(x)^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 4a^6 - 8a^4 b^2 + 4a^2 b^4 - (8a^6 + 3a^5 b - 24a^4 b^2 - 10a^3 b^3 + 24a^2 b^4 + 15ab^5) \cos(x)^4 \log(\sin(x) + 1) - (8a^6 - 3a^5 b - 24a^4 b^2 + 10a^3 b^3 + 24a^2 b^4 - 15ab^5) \cos(x)^4 \log(-\sin(x) + 1) - 8(2a^6 - 5a^4 b^2 + 3a^2 b^4) \cos(x)^2 - 2(2a^6 - 4a^4 b^2 + 2ab^4 - (5a^5 b - 14a^3 b^3 + 9ab^5) \cos(x)^2) \sin(x)}{16(a^7 - 3a^5 b^2 + 3a^3 b^4 - ab^6) \cos(x)^4}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $1/16 (16b^6 \cos(x)^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 4a^6 - 8a^4 b^2 + 4a^2 b^4 - (8a^6 + 3a^5 b - 24a^4 b^2 - 10a^3 b^3 + 24a^2 b^4 + 15ab^5) \cos(x)^4 \log(\sin(x) + 1) - (8a^6 - 3a^5 b - 24a^4 b^2 + 10a^3 b^3 + 24a^2 b^4 - 15ab^5) \cos(x)^4 \log(-\sin(x) + 1) - 8(2a^6 - 5a^4 b^2 + 3a^2 b^4) \cos(x)^2 - 2(2a^6 - 4a^4 b^2 + 2ab^4 - (5a^5 b - 14a^3 b^3 + 9ab^5) \cos(x)^2) \sin(x)) / ((a^7 - 3a^5 b^2 + 3a^3 b^4 - ab^6) \cos(x)^4)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**5/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(tan(x)**5/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A]

time = 0.40, size = 252, normalized size = 1.42

$\frac{b^6 \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a^7 - 3a^5 b^2 + 3a^3 b^4 - ab^6} - \frac{(8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16(a^3 - 3a^2 b + 3ab^2 - b^3)} - \frac{(8a^2 + 21ab + 15b^2) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{16(a^3 + 3a^2 b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{6a^5 - 16a^2 b^2 + 10ab^4 + (5a^4 b - 14a^2 b^3 + 9b^5) \sin(x)^3 - 4(2a^5 - 5a^2 b^2 + 3ab^4) \sin(x)^2 - (3a^4 b - 10a^2 b^3 + 7b^5) \sin(x)}{8(a+b)^2(a-b)^2(\sin(x)+1)^2(\sin(x)-1)^2}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $b^6 \log(\text{abs}(a \sin(x) + b)) / (a^7 - 3a^5 b^2 + 3a^3 b^4 - a b^6) - 1/16 (8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a^3 - 3a^2 b + 3ab^2 - b^3) - 1/$

$$16*(8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\log(-\sin(x) + 1)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) - 1/8*(6*a^5 - 16*a^3*b^2 + 10*a*b^4 + (5*a^4*b - 14*a^2*b^3 + 9*b^5)*\sin(x)^3 - 4*(2*a^5 - 5*a^3*b^2 + 3*a*b^4)*\sin(x)^2 - (3*a^4*b - 10*a^2*b^3 + 7*b^5)*\sin(x))/((a + b)^3*(a - b)^3*(\sin(x) + 1)^2*(\sin(x) - 1)^2)$$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.30, size = 445, normalized size = 2.50

$$\frac{\frac{2 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^7 (2a^2b^2 - a^3) - 4 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^5 (2a^2b^2 - a^3) + 2 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^3 (2a^2b^2 - a^3) - \tan(\frac{x}{2}) (2a^2b^2 - a^3) - \tan(\frac{x}{2})^7 (11a^2b - 15b^3) - \tan(\frac{x}{2})^5 (11a^2b - 15b^3) - \tan(\frac{x}{2})^3 (11a^2b - 15b^3) - \tan(\frac{x}{2}) (11a^2b - 15b^3)}{\tan(\frac{x}{2})^8 - 4 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^6 + 6 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^4 - 4 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 1} - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right) \left(\frac{5b}{8(a+b)^2} + \frac{1}{a+b} + \frac{b^2}{4(a+b)^2}\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) \left(\frac{b^2}{4(a-b)^2} - \frac{5b}{8(a-b)^2} + \frac{1}{a-b}\right) + \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 1)}{a} - \frac{b^2 \ln(b \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 2a \tan(\frac{x}{2}) + b)}{-a^2 + 3a^2b^2 - 3a^2b^4 + a^2b^6}}{\tan(\frac{x}{2})^8 - 4 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^6 + 6 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^4 - 4 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(tan(x)^5/(a + b/sin(x)),x)

[Out] ((2*tan(x/2)^2*(2*a*b^2 - a^3))/(a^4 + b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2) - (4*tan(x/2)^4*(3*a*b^2 - 2*a^3))/(a^4 + b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2) + (2*tan(x/2)^6*(2*a*b^2 - a^3))/(a^4 + b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2) + (tan(x/2)^7*(3*a^2*b - 7*b^3))/(4*(a^4 + b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2)) - (tan(x/2)^3*(11*a^2*b - 15*b^3))/(4*(a^4 + b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2)) - (tan(x/2)^5*(11*a^2*b - 15*b^3))/(4*(a^4 + b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2)) + (b*tan(x/2)*(3*a^2 - 7*b^2))/(4*(a^4 + b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2)))/(6*tan(x/2)^4 - 4*tan(x/2)^2 - 4*tan(x/2)^6 + tan(x/2)^8 + 1) - log(tan(x/2) - 1)*((5*b)/(8*(a + b)^2) + 1/(a + b) + b^2/(4*(a + b)^3)) - log(tan(x/2) + 1)*(b^2/(4*(a - b)^3) - (5*b)/(8*(a - b)^2) + 1/(a - b)) + log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1)/a - (b^6*log(b + 2*a*tan(x/2) + b*tan(x/2)^2))/(a*b^6 - a^7 - 3*a^3*b^4 + 3*a^5*b^2)

3.13 $\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=113

$$-\frac{1}{4(a+b)(1-\csc(x))} - \frac{1}{4(a-b)(1+\csc(x))} + \frac{(2a+3b)\log(1-\csc(x))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{(2a-3b)\log(1+\csc(x))}{4(a-b)^2} + \frac{b^4 \log(a+b \csc(x))}{a(a^2-b^2)^2} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-1/4/(a+b)/(1-\csc(x))-1/4/(a-b)/(1+\csc(x))+1/4*(2*a+3*b)*\ln(1-\csc(x))/(a+b)^2+1/4*(2*a-3*b)*\ln(1+\csc(x))/(a-b)^2+b^4*\ln(a+b*\csc(x))/a/(a^2-b^2)^2+\ln(\sin(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.12, antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3970, 908}

$$\frac{b^4 \log(a+b \csc(x))}{a(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{1}{4(a+b)(1-\csc(x))} - \frac{1}{4(a-b)(\csc(x)+1)} + \frac{(2a+3b)\log(1-\csc(x))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{(2a-3b)\log(\csc(x)+1)}{4(a-b)^2} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Tan[x]^3/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-1/4*1/((a + b)*(1 - Csc[x])) - 1/(4*(a - b)*(1 + Csc[x])) + ((2*a + 3*b)*\text{Log}[1 - Csc[x]])/(4*(a + b)^2) + ((2*a - 3*b)*\text{Log}[1 + Csc[x]])/(4*(a - b)^2) + (b^4*\text{Log}[a + b*Csc[x]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2) + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 908

`Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

Rule 3970

`Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[(b^2 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + x)^n/x), x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= -\left(b^4 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)(b^2-x^2)^2} dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \right) \\ &= -\left(b^4 \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{4b^3(a+b)(b-x)^2} + \frac{2a+3b}{4b^4(a+b)^2(b-x)} + \frac{1}{ab^4x} - \frac{1}{a(a-b)^2(a+b)^2} \right) dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{4(a+b)(1-\csc(x))} - \frac{1}{4(a-b)(1+\csc(x))} + \frac{(2a+3b)\log(1-\csc(x))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{(2a-3b)\log(1+\csc(x))}{4(a+b)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.53, size = 115, normalized size = 1.02

$$\frac{\csc(x)(b + a \sin(x)) \left(\frac{(2a+3b)\log(1-\sin(x))}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{(2a-3b)\log(1+\sin(x))}{(a-b)^2} + \frac{4b^4 \log(b+a \sin(x))}{a(a-b)^2(a+b)^2} - \frac{1}{(a+b)(-1+\sin(x))} + \frac{1}{(a-b)(1+\sin(x))} \right)}{4(a + b \csc(x))}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^3/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

```
[Out] (Csc[x]*(b + a*Sin[x])*((2*a + 3*b)*Log[1 - Sin[x]]/(a + b)^2 + ((2*a - 3*b)*Log[1 + Sin[x]]/(a - b)^2 + (4*b^4*Log[b + a*Sin[x]]/(a*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2) - 1/((a + b)*(-1 + Sin[x])) + 1/((a - b)*(1 + Sin[x]))))/4*(a + b*Csc[x]))
```

Maple [A]

time = 0.16, size = 101, normalized size = 0.89

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{(4a-4b)(\sin(x)+1)} + \frac{(2a-3b)\ln(\sin(x)+1)}{4(a-b)^2} + \frac{b^4 \ln(b+a \sin(x))}{(a+b)^2(a-b)^2 a} - \frac{1}{(4a+4b)(-1+\sin(x))} + \frac{(2a+3b)\ln(-1+\sin(x))}{4(a+b)^2}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{ixa}{a^2-2ab+b^2} + \frac{3ixb}{2(a^2-2ab+b^2)} - \frac{ixa}{a^2+2ab+b^2} - \frac{3ixb}{2(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{2ixb^4}{a(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)} + \frac{i(-2ia e^{2ix} + b e^{3ix} - b e^{ix})}{(e^{2ix} + 1)^2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ixa}{a^2-2ab+b^2}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] 1/(4*a-4*b)/(sin(x)+1)+1/4*(2*a-3*b)/(a-b)^2*ln(sin(x)+1)+b^4/(a+b)^2/(a-b)^2/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))-1/(4*a+4*b)/(-1+sin(x))+1/4*(2*a+3*b)/(a+b)^2*ln(-1+sin(x))
```

Maxima [A]

time = 0.27, size = 120, normalized size = 1.06

$$\frac{b^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4} + \frac{(2a - 3b)\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(2a + 3b)\log(\sin(x) - 1)}{4(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{b \sin(x) - a}{2((a^2 - b^2)\sin(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $b^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b) / (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + a^2b^4) + 1/4(2a - 3b) \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a^2 - 2ab + b^2) + 1/4(2a + 3b) \log(\sin(x) - 1) / (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) + 1/2(b \sin(x) - a) / ((a^2 - b^2) \sin(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)$

Fricas [A]

time = 2.88, size = 144, normalized size = 1.27

$$\frac{4b^4 \cos(x)^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 2a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + (2a^4 + a^3b - 4a^2b^2 - 3ab^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) + (2a^4 - a^3b - 4a^2b^2 + 3ab^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(-\sin(x) + 1) - 2(a^3b - ab^3) \sin(x)}{4(a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4) \cos(x)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $1/4(4b^4 \cos(x)^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 2a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + (2a^4 + a^3b - 4a^2b^2 - 3a^2b^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) + (2a^4 - a^3b - 4a^2b^2 + 3a^2b^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(-\sin(x) + 1) - 2(a^3b - a^2b^3) \sin(x)) / ((a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + a^2b^4) \cos(x)^2)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**3/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(tan(x)**3/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A]

time = 0.40, size = 139, normalized size = 1.23

$$\frac{b^4 \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4} + \frac{(2a - 3b) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(2a + 3b) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{4(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{a^3 - ab^2 - (a^2b - b^3) \sin(x)}{2(a + b)^2(a - b)^2(\sin(x) + 1)(\sin(x) - 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $b^4 \log(\text{abs}(a \sin(x) + b)) / (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + a^2b^4) + 1/4(2a - 3b) \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a^2 - 2ab + b^2) + 1/4(2a + 3b) \log(-\sin(x) + 1) / (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) - 1/2(a^3 - a^2b^2 - (a^2b - b^3) \sin(x)) / ((a + b)^2(a - b)^2 (\sin(x) + 1) (\sin(x) - 1))$

Mupad [B]

time = 1.14, size = 172, normalized size = 1.52

$$\frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2}) + 1) (2a - 3b)}{2(a - b)^2} - \frac{\frac{b \tan(\frac{x}{2})^3}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2a \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{a^2 - b^2}}{\tan(\frac{x}{2})^4 - 2 \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 1} - \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 1)}{a} + \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2}) - 1) (2a + 3b)}{2(a + b)^2} + \frac{b^4 \ln(b \tan(\frac{x}{2})^2 + 2a \tan(\frac{x}{2}) + b)}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)^3/(a + b/sin(x)),x)`

[Out] $(\log(\tan(x/2) + 1)*(2*a - 3*b))/(2*(a - b)^2) - ((b*\tan(x/2)^3)/(a^2 - b^2) - (2*a*\tan(x/2)^2)/(a^2 - b^2) + (b*\tan(x/2))/(a^2 - b^2))/(\tan(x/2)^4 - 2*\tan(x/2)^2 + 1) - \log(\tan(x/2)^2 + 1)/a + (\log(\tan(x/2) - 1)*(2*a + 3*b))/(2*(a + b)^2) + (b^4*\log(b + 2*a*\tan(x/2) + b*\tan(x/2)^2))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2)$

3.14 $\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=66

$$-\frac{\log(1 - \csc(x))}{2(a + b)} - \frac{\log(1 + \csc(x))}{2(a - b)} + \frac{b^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\ln(1-\csc(x))/(a+b)-1/2*\ln(1+\csc(x))/(a-b)+b^2*\ln(a+b*\csc(x))/a/(a^2-b^2)-\ln(\sin(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {3970, 908}

$$\frac{b^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\log(1 - \csc(x))}{2(a + b)} - \frac{\log(\csc(x) + 1)}{2(a - b)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Tan[x]/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] $-1/2*\text{Log}[1 - \text{Csc}[x]]/(a + b) - \text{Log}[1 + \text{Csc}[x]]/(2*(a - b)) + (b^2*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 908

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))

Rule 3970

Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[(b^2 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + x)^n/x), x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= b^2 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)(b^2-x^2)} dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \\ &= b^2 \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{2b^2(a+b)(b-x)} + \frac{1}{ab^2x} + \frac{1}{a(a-b)(a+b)(a+x)} - \frac{1}{2(a-b)b^2(b+x)} \right) dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \\ &= -\frac{\log(1 - \csc(x))}{2(a+b)} - \frac{\log(1 + \csc(x))}{2(a-b)} + \frac{b^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.07, size = 56, normalized size = 0.85

$$-\frac{a(a-b)\log(1-\sin(x)) + a(a+b)\log(1+\sin(x)) - 2b^2\log(b+a\sin(x))}{2a(a-b)(a+b)}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Tan[x]/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]``[Out] -1/2*(a*(a - b)*Log[1 - Sin[x]] + a*(a + b)*Log[1 + Sin[x]] - 2*b^2*Log[b + a*Sin[x]])/(a*(a - b)*(a + b))`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.11, size = 60, normalized size = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 \ln(b+a\sin(x))}{(a+b)(a-b)a} - \frac{\ln(-1+\sin(x))}{2a+2b} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x)+1)}{2a-2b}$	60
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{ix}{a-b} + \frac{ix}{a+b} - \frac{2ixb^2}{(a^2-b^2)a} - \frac{\ln(i+e^{ix})}{a-b} - \frac{\ln(e^{ix}-i)}{a+b} + \frac{b^2 \ln(e^{2ix}-1 + \frac{2ib e^{ix}}{a})}{(a^2-b^2)a}$	122

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] b^2/(a+b)/(a-b)/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))-1/(2*a+2*b)*ln(-1+sin(x))-1/(2*a-2*b)*ln(sin(x)+1)`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 50, normalized size = 0.76

$$\frac{b^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a^3 - ab^2} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a-b)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) - 1)}{2(a+b)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $b^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) / (a^3 - a b^2) - 1/2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a - b) - 1/2 \log(\sin(x) - 1) / (a + b)$

Fricas [A]

time = 3.20, size = 58, normalized size = 0.88

$$\frac{2b^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) - (a^2 + ab) \log(\sin(x) + 1) - (a^2 - ab) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a^3 - ab^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/2 * (2 * b^2 * \log(a * \sin(x) + b) - (a^2 + a * b) * \log(\sin(x) + 1) - (a^2 - a * b) * \log(-\sin(x) + 1)) / (a^3 - a * b^2)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A]

time = 0.40, size = 53, normalized size = 0.80

$$\frac{b^2 \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a^3 - ab^2} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a - b)} - \frac{\log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a + b)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $b^2 \log(\text{abs}(a \sin(x) + b)) / (a^3 - a b^2) - 1/2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a - b) - 1/2 \log(-\sin(x) + 1) / (a + b)$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.44, size = 80, normalized size = 1.21

$$\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}{a} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{a - b} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a + b} + \frac{b^2 \ln\left(b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 2a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + b\right)}{a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)/(a + b/sin(x)),x)`

[Out] $\log(\tan(x/2)^2 + 1) / a - \log(\tan(x/2) + 1) / (a - b) - \log(\tan(x/2) - 1) / (a + b) + (b^2 \log(b + 2 * a * \tan(x/2) + b * \tan(x/2)^2)) / (a * (a^2 - b^2))$

3.15 $\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=19

$$\frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] ln(a+b*csc(x))/a+ln(sin(x))/a

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {3970, 36, 29, 31}

$$\frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Cot[x]/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] Log[a + b*Csc[x]]/a + Log[Sin[x]]/a

Rule 29

Int[(x_)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[x], x]

Rule 31

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]

Rule 36

Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :> Dist[b/(b*c - a*d), Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Dist[d/(b*c - a*d), Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]

Rule 3970

Int[cot[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(m-1)*(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_))^(n-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(-1)^((m-1)/2)/(d*b^(m-1)), Subst[Int[(b^2 - x^2)^(m-1/2)*((a+x)^n/x), x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right) \\ &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{a} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{a+x} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{a} \\ &= \frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.01, size = 11, normalized size = 0.58

$$\frac{\log(b + a \sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]``[Out] Log[b + a*Sin[x]]/a`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.06, size = 21, normalized size = 1.11

method	result	size
derivativdivides	$\frac{\ln(a+b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\ln(\csc(x))}{a}$	21
default	$\frac{\ln(a+b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\ln(\csc(x))}{a}$	21
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{\ln(e^{2ix} - 1 + \frac{2ib e^{ix}}{a})}{a}$	33

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] ln(a+b*csc(x))/a-1/a*ln(csc(x))`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 11, normalized size = 0.58

$$\frac{\log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)), x, algorithm="maxima")``[Out] log(a*sin(x) + b)/a`

Fricas [A]

time = 4.12, size = 11, normalized size = 0.58

$$\frac{\log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] log(a*sin(x) + b)/a

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A]

time = 0.43, size = 12, normalized size = 0.63

$$\frac{\log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] log(abs(a*sin(x) + b))/a

Mupad [B]

time = 0.42, size = 55, normalized size = 2.89

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a\left(2b^3 \sin(x) + \frac{5ab^2}{2} - a^3 - \frac{ab^2 \cos(2x)}{2}\right)}{(-a^2 + \sin(x)ab + 2b^2)^2}\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)/(a + b/sin(x)),x)

[Out] (2*atanh((a*(2*b^3*sin(x) + (5*a*b^2)/2 - a^3 - (a*b^2*cos(2*x))/2))/(2*b^2 - a^2 + a*b*sin(x))^2))/a

3.16 $\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=38

$$-\frac{\csc(x)}{b} - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-\csc(x)/b - (1 - a^2/b^2) * \ln(a + b * \csc(x)) / a - \ln(\sin(x)) / a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.05, antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3970, 908}

$$-\frac{\left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{\csc(x)}{b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Cot[x]^3/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/b) - ((1 - a^2/b^2) * \text{Log}[a + b * \text{Csc}[x]])/a - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 908

`Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegerQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

Rule 3970

`Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[-(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[(b^2 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + x)^n/x), x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{b^2 - x^2}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^2} \\
&= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-1 + \frac{b^2}{ax} + \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a(a+x)}\right) dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^2} \\
&= -\frac{\csc(x)}{b} - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.05, size = 39, normalized size = 1.03

$$-\frac{ab \csc(x) - a^2 \log(\sin(x)) + (a^2 - b^2) \log(b + a \sin(x))}{ab^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^3/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]``[Out] (-(a*b*Csc[x]) - a^2*Log[Sin[x]] + (a^2 - b^2)*Log[b + a*Sin[x]])/(a*b^2)`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.12, size = 43, normalized size = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{1}{b \sin(x)} - \frac{a \ln(\sin(x))}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^2 a}$	43
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2ie^{ix}}{b(e^{2ix} - 1)} + \frac{a \ln(e^{2ix} - 1 + \frac{2ib e^{ix}}{a})}{b^2} - \frac{\ln(e^{2ix} - 1 + \frac{2ib e^{ix}}{a})}{a} - \frac{a \ln(e^{2ix} - 1)}{b^2}$	93

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)``[Out] -1/b/sin(x)-a/b^2*ln(sin(x))+(a^2-b^2)/b^2/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.27, size = 42, normalized size = 1.11

$$-\frac{a \log(\sin(x))}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{ab^2} - \frac{1}{b \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-a \cdot \log(\sin(x))/b^2 + (a^2 - b^2) \cdot \log(a \cdot \sin(x) + b)/(a \cdot b^2) - 1/(b \cdot \sin(x))$

Fricas [A]

time = 3.05, size = 47, normalized size = 1.24

$$-\frac{a^2 \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin(x)\right) \sin(x) - (a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b) \sin(x) + ab}{ab^2 \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-(a^2 \cdot \log(-1/2 \cdot \sin(x)) \cdot \sin(x) - (a^2 - b^2) \cdot \log(a \cdot \sin(x) + b) \cdot \sin(x) + a \cdot b) / (a \cdot b^2 \cdot \sin(x))$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**3/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**3/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A]

time = 0.43, size = 44, normalized size = 1.16

$$-\frac{a \log(|\sin(x)|)}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{ab^2} - \frac{1}{b \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $-a \cdot \log(\text{abs}(\sin(x)))/b^2 + (a^2 - b^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(a \cdot \sin(x) + b))/(a \cdot b^2) - 1/(b \cdot \sin(x))$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.46, size = 75, normalized size = 1.97

$$\ln\left(b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 2a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + b\right) \left(\frac{a}{b^2} - \frac{1}{a}\right) - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}{a} - \frac{1}{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} - \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{b^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^3/(a + b/sin(x)),x)`

[Out] $\log(b + 2 \cdot a \cdot \tan(x/2) + b \cdot \tan(x/2)^2) \cdot (a/b^2 - 1/a) - \tan(x/2)/(2 \cdot b) + \log(\tan(x/2)^2 + 1)/a - 1/(2 \cdot b \cdot \tan(x/2)) - (a \cdot \log(\tan(x/2)))/b^2$

$$3.17 \quad \int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=72

$$-\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \csc(x)}{b^3} + \frac{a \csc^2(x)}{2b^2} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3b} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^4} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-(a^2-2*b^2)*\csc(x)/b^3+1/2*a*\csc(x)^2/b^2-1/3*\csc(x)^3/b+(a^2-b^2)^2*\ln(a+b*\csc(x))/a/b^4+\ln(\sin(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3970, 908}

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \csc(x)}{b^3} + \frac{a \csc^2(x)}{2b^2} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Cot[x]^5/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] $-(((a^2 - 2*b^2)*Csc[x])/b^3) + (a*Csc[x]^2)/(2*b^2) - Csc[x]^3/(3*b) + ((a^2 - b^2)^2*Log[a + b*Csc[x]])/(a*b^4) + Log[Sin[x]]/a$

Rule 908

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegerQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))

Rule 3970

Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[-(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[(b^2 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + x)^n/x), x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(b^2-x^2)^2}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^4} \\ &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(a^2\left(1 - \frac{2b^2}{a^2}\right) + \frac{b^4}{ax} - ax + x^2 - \frac{(a^2-b^2)^2}{a(a+x)}\right) dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^4} \\ &= -\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \csc(x)}{b^3} + \frac{a \csc^2(x)}{2b^2} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3b} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^4} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.15, size = 85, normalized size = 1.18

$$\frac{-6ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \csc(x) + 3a^2b^2 \csc^2(x) - 2ab^3 \csc^3(x) - 6a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \log(\sin(x)) + 6(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log(b + a \sin(x))}{6ab^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^5/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

```
[Out] (-6*a*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Csc[x] + 3*a^2*b^2*Csc[x]^2 - 2*a*b^3*Csc[x]^3 - 6*a^2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Log[Sin[x]] + 6*(a^2 - b^2)^2*Log[b + a*Sin[x]])/(6*a*b^4)
```

Maple [A]

time = 0.16, size = 86, normalized size = 1.19

method	result
default	$-\frac{1}{3b \sin(x)^3} - \frac{a^2 - 2b^2}{b^3 \sin(x)} + \frac{a}{2b^2 \sin(x)^2} - \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2)a \ln(\sin(x))}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^4 a}$
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2i(-3iab e^{4ix} + 3a^2 e^{5ix} - 6b^2 e^{5ix} + 3iab e^{2ix} - 6a^2 e^{3ix} + 8b^2 e^{3ix} + 3e^{ix} a^2 - 6e^{ix} b^2)}{3b^3(e^{2ix} - 1)^3} + \frac{a^3 \ln(e^{2ix} - 1 + \frac{2ib e^{ix}}{a})}{b^4} - \frac{2a \ln(e^{2ix} - 1)}{b^4}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] -1/3/b/sin(x)^3-(a^2-2*b^2)/b^3/sin(x)+1/2*a/b^2/sin(x)^2-(a^2-2*b^2)/b^4*a*ln(sin(x))+(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/b^4/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))
```

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 84, normalized size = 1.17

$$-\frac{(a^3 - 2ab^2) \log(\sin(x))}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{ab^4} + \frac{3ab \sin(x) - 6(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(x)^2 - 2b^2}{6b^3 \sin(x)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-(a^3 - 2ab^2)\log(\sin(x))/b^4 + (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\log(a\sin(x) + b)/(ab^4) + 1/6(3ab\sin(x) - 6(a^2 - 2b^2)\sin(x)^2 - 2b^2)/(b^3\sin(x)^3)$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. 2(68) = 136.

time = 2.50, size = 151, normalized size = 2.10

$$\frac{3a^2b^2\sin(x) - 6a^3b + 10ab^3 + 6(a^3b - 2ab^3)\cos(x)^2 + 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\cos(x)^2)\log(a\sin(x) + b)\sin(x) - 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2)\log(\frac{1}{2}\sin(x))\sin(x)}{6(ab^4\cos(x)^2 - ab^4)\sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-1/6(3a^2b^2\sin(x) - 6a^3b + 10ab^3 + 6(a^3b - 2a^2b^3)\cos(x)^2 + 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\cos(x)^2)\log(a\sin(x) + b)\sin(x) - 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2)\log(1/2\sin(x))\sin(x))/(ab^4\cos(x)^2 - ab^4)\sin(x)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)**5/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**5/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 90, normalized size = 1.25

$$-\frac{(a^3 - 2ab^2)\log(|\sin(x)|)}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\log(|a\sin(x) + b|)}{ab^4} + \frac{3ab^2\sin(x) - 2b^3 - 6(a^2b - 2b^3)\sin(x)^2}{6b^4\sin(x)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-(a^3 - 2ab^2)\log(\text{abs}(\sin(x)))/b^4 + (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\log(\text{abs}(a\sin(x) + b))/(ab^4) + 1/6(3ab^2\sin(x) - 2b^3 - 6(a^2b - 2b^3)\sin(x)^2)/(b^4\sin(x)^3)$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.57, size = 157, normalized size = 2.18

$$\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{7}{8b} - \frac{a^2}{2b^3}\right) - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{24b} + \frac{a\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{8b^2} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2(4a^2 - 7b^2) + \frac{b^2}{3} - ab\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8b^3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)(2ab^2 - a^3)}{b^4} + \frac{\ln\left(b\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 2a\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + b\right)(a^2 - b^2)^2}{ab^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(cot(x)^5/(a + b/sin(x)),x)
```

```
[Out] tan(x/2)*(7/(8*b) - a^2/(2*b^3)) - log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1)/a - tan(x/2)^3/(24*b)
+ (a*tan(x/2)^2)/(8*b^2) - (tan(x/2)^2*(4*a^2 - 7*b^2) + b^2/3 - a*b*tan(
x/2))/(8*b^3*tan(x/2)^3) + (log(tan(x/2))*(2*a*b^2 - a^3))/b^4 + (log(b + 2
*a*tan(x/2) + b*tan(x/2)^2)*(a^2 - b^2)^2)/(a*b^4)
```

3.18 $\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=122

$$-\frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^2(x)}{2b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{3b^3} + \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{4b^2} - \frac{\csc^5(x)}{5b} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^3 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^6}$$

[Out] $-(a^4-3a^2b^2+3b^4)*\csc(x)/b^5+1/2*a*(a^2-3b^2)*\csc(x)^2/b^4-1/3*(a^2-3b^2)*\csc(x)^3/b^3+1/4*a*\csc(x)^4/b^2-1/5*\csc(x)^5/b+(a^2-b^2)^3*\ln(a+b*\csc(x))/a/b^6-\ln(\sin(x))/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.09, antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {3970, 908}

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2)^3 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^6} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^2(x)}{2b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{3b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{4b^2} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{\csc^5(x)}{5b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Cot[x]^7/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-(((a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4)*\text{Csc}[x])/b^5) + (a*(a^2 - 3b^2)*\text{Csc}[x]^2)/(2*b^4) - ((a^2 - 3b^2)*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(3*b^3) + (a*\text{Csc}[x]^4)/(4*b^2) - \text{Csc}[x]^5/(5*b) + ((a^2 - b^2)^3*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*b^6) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 908

`Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegerQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

Rule 3970

`Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[-(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[(b^2 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + x)^n/x), x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

Rubi steps

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx = \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(b^2-x^2)^3}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^6}$$

$$= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-a^4\left(1 + \frac{3b^2(-a^2+b^2)}{a^4}\right) + \frac{b^6}{ax} + a(a^2 - 3b^2)x - (a^2 - 3b^2)x^2 + ax^3 - x^4 + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2)x^5}{5a}\right) dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^6}$$

$$= -\frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^2(x)}{2b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{3b^3} + \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{4b^2} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^5(x)}{5b}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.31, size = 132, normalized size = 1.08

$$\frac{-60b(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \csc(x) + 30ab^2(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^2(x) - 20b^3(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x) + 15ab^4 \csc^4(x) - 12b^5 \csc^5(x) - 60a(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \log(\sin(x)) + \frac{60(a^2 - b^2)^3 \log(b + a \sin(x))}{a}}{60b^6}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^7/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

```
[Out] (-60*b*(a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*Csc[x] + 30*a*b^2*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Csc[x]^2 -
20*b^3*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Csc[x]^3 + 15*a*b^4*Csc[x]^4 - 12*b^5*Csc[x]^5 - 60*a
*(a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*Log[Sin[x]] + (60*(a^2 - b^2)^3*Log[b + a*Sin[x]]
)/a)/(60*b^6)
```

Maple [A]

time = 0.21, size = 149, normalized size = 1.22

method	result
default	$\frac{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^6 a} - \frac{1}{5b \sin(x)^5} - \frac{a^2 - 3b^2}{3b^3 \sin(x)^3} - \frac{a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4}{b^5 \sin(x)} + \frac{a}{4b^2 \sin(x)^4} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2)a}{2b^4 \sin(x)^2} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4)}{5b}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2i(45ia b^3 e^{8ix} - 15ia^3 b e^{8ix} + 15a^4 e^{9ix} - 45a^2 b^2 e^{9ix} + 45b^4 e^{9ix} - 45ia b^3 e^{2ix} + 15ia^3 b e^{2ix} - 60a^4 e^{7ix} + 160a^2 b^2 e^{7ix} - 120b^4 e^{7ix} + 100)}{60b^6}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

`[In] int(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] (a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/b^6/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))-1/5/b/sin(x)^5-1/3*(a^2-
3*b^2)/b^3/sin(x)^3-(a^4-3*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)/b^5/sin(x)+1/4*a/b^2/sin(x)^4+1/2
*(a^2-3*b^2)/b^4*a/sin(x)^2-(a^4-3*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)/b^6*a*ln(sin(x))
```

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 149, normalized size = 1.22

$$-\frac{(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4) \log(\sin(x))}{b^6} + \frac{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{ab^6} + \frac{15ab^3 \sin(x) - 60(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \sin(x)^4 - 12b^4 + 30(a^3b - 3ab^3) \sin(x)^3 - 20(a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sin(x)^2}{60b^5 \sin(x)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4) \log(\sin(x))/b^6 + (a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \log(a \sin(x) + b)/(a^2b^6) + 1/60(15ab^3 \sin(x) - 60(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \sin(x)^4 - 12b^4 + 30(a^3b - 3ab^3) \sin(x)^3 - 20(a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sin(x)^2)/(b^5 \sin(x)^5)$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 327 vs. 2(114) = 228.

time = 2.90, size = 327, normalized size = 2.68

$$\frac{60a^5b - 180a^3b^2 + 132ab^4 + 60(a^5b - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4) \cos(x)^4 - 20(6a^5b - 17a^3b^3 + 15ab^5) \cos(x)^2 - 60(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \cos(x)^4 - 2(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \cos(x)^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) \sin(x) + 60(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 + (a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4) \cos(x)^4 - 2(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4) \cos(x)^2) \log(-1/2 \sin(x)) \sin(x) - 15(2a^4b^2 - 5a^2b^4 - 2(a^4b^2 - 3a^2b^4) \cos(x)^2) \sin(x)}{60(a^6 \cos(x)^7 - 3a^4 \cos(x)^5 + a^2 \sin(x)^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-1/60(60a^5b - 160a^3b^3 + 132ab^5 + 60(a^5b - 3a^3b^3 + 3ab^5) \cos(x)^4 - 20(6a^5b - 17a^3b^3 + 15ab^5) \cos(x)^2 - 60(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \cos(x)^4 - 2(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \cos(x)^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b) \sin(x) + 60(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 + (a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4) \cos(x)^4 - 2(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4) \cos(x)^2) \log(-1/2 \sin(x)) \sin(x) - 15(2a^4b^2 - 5a^2b^4 - 2(a^4b^2 - 3a^2b^4) \cos(x)^2) \sin(x))/(a^2b^6 \cos(x)^4 - 2ab^6 \cos(x)^2 + a^2b^6) \sin(x)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)**7/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**7/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 155, normalized size = 1.27

$$-\frac{(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4) \log(|\sin(x)|)}{b^6} + \frac{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{ab^6} + \frac{15ab^4 \sin(x) - 12b^5 - 60(a^4b - 3a^2b^3 + 3b^5) \sin(x)^4 + 30(a^3b^2 - 3ab^4) \sin(x)^3 - 20(a^2b^3 - 3b^5) \sin(x)^2}{60b^6 \sin(x)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4) \log(\text{abs}(\sin(x)))/b^6 + (a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \log(\text{abs}(a \sin(x) + b))/(a^2b^6) + 1/60(15ab^4 \sin(x) - 12b^5$

$$5 - 60*(a^4*b - 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*b^5)*\sin(x)^4 + 30*(a^3*b^2 - 3*a*b^4)*\sin(x)^3 - 20*(a^2*b^3 - 3*b^5)*\sin(x)^2)/(b^6*\sin(x)^5)$$

Mupad [B]

time = 0.87, size = 284, normalized size = 2.33

$$\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{32b} - \frac{a^2}{24b^3}\right) - \frac{19 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{16b} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5}{160b} - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{a}{32b^2} + \frac{a\left(\frac{9}{32b^2} - \frac{a^2}{8b^3}\right)}{a}\right) + \frac{11a^2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8b^3} + \frac{a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{64b^2} - \frac{a^3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2b^5} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \left(a^2 - 3a^2b^2 + 3ab^2\right)}{b^6} - \frac{\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 \left(10ab^3 - 4a^3b\right) - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 \left(3b^4 - \frac{4a^2b^2}{3}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4 \left(16a^4 - 44a^2b^2 + 38b^4\right) + \frac{11}{32} \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{b}\right)}{32b^6} + \frac{\ln\left(8 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 2a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + a\right) \left(a^2 - b^2\right)}{a^2 b^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^7/(a + b/sin(x)),x)

[Out] tan(x/2)^3*(3/(32*b) - a^2/(24*b^3)) - (19*tan(x/2))/(16*b) + log(tan(x/2)^2 + 1)/a - tan(x/2)^5/(160*b) - tan(x/2)^2*(a/(32*b^2) + (a*(9/(32*b) - a^2/(8*b^3)))/b) + (11*a^2*tan(x/2))/(8*b^3) + (a*tan(x/2)^4)/(64*b^2) - (a^4*tan(x/2))/(2*b^5) - (log(tan(x/2))*(3*a*b^4 + a^5 - 3*a^3*b^2))/b^6 - (cot(x/2)^5*(tan(x/2)^3*(10*a*b^3 - 4*a^3*b) - tan(x/2)^2*(3*b^4 - (4*a^2*b^2)/3) + tan(x/2)^4*(16*a^4 + 38*b^4 - 44*a^2*b^2) + b^4/5 - (a*b^3*tan(x/2))/2)/(32*b^5) + (log(b + 2*a*tan(x/2) + b*tan(x/2)^2)*(a^2 - b^2)^3)/(a*b^6)

3.19 $\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=159

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2b^5 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2-b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2-b^2)}$$

[Out] $x/a+2*b^5*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*\tan(1/2*x))/(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)})/a/(a^2-b^2)^{(5/2)}-b^3*\sec(x)/(a^2-b^2)^2+b*\sec(x)/(a^2-b^2)-1/3*b*\sec(x)^3/(a^2-b^2)+a*b^2*\tan(x)/(a^2-b^2)^2-a*\tan(x)/(a^2-b^2)+1/3*a*\tan(x)^3/(a^2-b^2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.22, antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$, Rules used = {3983, 2981, 2686, 3554, 8, 2814, 2739, 632, 212}

$$-\frac{ab^2x}{(a^2-b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2b^5 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b^4x}{a(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2-b^2)^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Tan[x]^4/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-((a*b^2*x)/(a^2 - b^2)^2) + (b^4*x)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2) + (a*x)/(a^2 - b^2) + (2*b^5*ArcTanh[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^{(5/2)}) - (b^3*Sec[x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 + (b*Sec[x])/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*Sec[x]^3)/(3*(a^2 - b^2)) + (a*b^2*Tan[x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 - (a*Tan[x])/(a^2 - b^2) + (a*Tan[x]^3)/(3*(a^2 - b^2))$

Rule 8

`Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

Rule 212

`Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Rule 632

`Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Rule 2686

```
Int[((a_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[a/f, Subst[Int[(a*x)^(m - 1)*(-1 + x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(n - 1)/2] && !(IntegerQ[m/2] && LtQ[0, m, n + 1])
```

Rule 2739

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(e/d), Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 2814

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/d, Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

Rule 2981

```
Int[((cos[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(g_.))^p)*((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Dist[a*(d^2/(a^2 - b^2)), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + (-Dist[b*(d/(a^2 - b^2)), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] - Dist[a^2*(d^2/(g^2*(a^2 - b^2))), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^(p + 2)*((d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n, 2*p] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

Rule 3554

```
Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Dist[b^2, Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

Rule 3983

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*((b + a*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^(m + n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\sin(x) \tan^4(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{a \int \tan^4(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \int \sec(x) \tan^3(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 \int \frac{\sin(x) \tan^2(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= \frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{(ab^2) \int \tan^2(x) dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{b^3 \int \sec(x) \tan(x) dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 \int \frac{\sin(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \int \tan^2(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{(ab^2) \int \tan^2(x) dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} \\
&= -\frac{ab^2 x}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} \\
&= -\frac{ab^2 x}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} \\
&= -\frac{ab^2 x}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2b^5 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a + b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 1.16, size = 194, normalized size = 1.22

$$\frac{\csc(x)(b + a \sin(x)) \left(-\frac{24b^5 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sec^3(x)(2a^3b - 8ab^3 + 9(a^2 - b^2)^2 x \cos(x) + 6ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(2x) + 3a^4 x \cos(3x) - 6a^2 b^2 x \cos(3x) + 3b^4 x \cos(3x) + 3a^2 b^2 \sin(x) - 4a^4 \sin(3x) + 7a^2 b^2 \sin(3x))}{(a - b)^2(a + b)^2} \right)}{12a(a + b \csc(x))}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^4/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] (Csc[x]*(b + a*Sin[x])*((-24*b^5*ArcTan[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(5/2) + (Sec[x]^3*(2*a^3*b - 8*a*b^3 + 9*(a^2 - b^2)^2*x*Cos[x] + 6*a*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cos[2*x] + 3*a^4*x*Cos[3*x] - 6*a^2*b^2*x*Cos[3*x] + 3*b^4*x*Cos[3*x] + 3*a^2*b^2*Sin[x] - 4*a^4*Sin[3*x] + 7*a^2*b^2*Sin[3*x]))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2)))/(12*a*(a + b*Csc[x]))

Maple [A]

time = 0.20, size = 190, normalized size = 1.19

method	result
default	$ -\frac{64}{3(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)^3(64a+64b)} - \frac{32}{(64a+64b)(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)^2} - \frac{-2a-3b}{2(a+b)^2(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)} - \frac{2b^5 \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan(\frac{x}{2})+2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(a-b)^2(a+b)^2 a \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} - \frac{1}{3(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)} $

risch	$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2(6ia^3e^{4ix} - 9iab^2e^{4ix} - 3a^2be^{5ix} + 6b^3e^{5ix} + 6ia^3e^{2ix} - 12iab^2e^{2ix} - 2a^2be^{3ix} + 8b^3e^{3ix} + 4ia^3 - 7iab^2 - 3a^2be^{ix} + 6e^{ix}b^3)}{3(-a^2+b^2)^2(e^{2ix}+1)^3} + \dots$
-------	--

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -64/3/(tan(1/2*x)-1)^3/(64*a+64*b)-32/(64*a+64*b)/(tan(1/2*x)-1)^2-1/2/(a+b)^2*(-2*a-3*b)/(tan(1/2*x)-1)-2/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*b^5/a/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))-64/3/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^3/(64*a-64*b)+32/(64*a-64*b)/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^2-1/2/(a-b)^2*(-2*a+3*b)/(tan(1/2*x)+1)+2/a*arctan(tan(1/2*x))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see 'assume?' for more details)
```

Fricas [A]

time = 3.51, size = 483, normalized size = 3.04

$$\frac{3\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\cos(x)^3\log\left(\frac{2a^3+4a^2b-2ab^2+6b^3-3a^2b^2-3a^2b^2-3a^2b^2+2ab^2\cos(x)^2+2(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2+3(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2-3(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2-3(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2}{4(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2}\right)-2a^3+4a^2b-2ab^2+6b^3-3a^2b^2-3a^2b^2-3a^2b^2+2ab^2\cos(x)^2+2(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2+3(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2-3(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2-3(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2}{3(a^2-2a^2b^2+2b^2-11a^2b^2+7a^2b^2)\cos(x)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] [1/6*(3*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*b^5*cos(x)^3*log(((a^2 - 2*b^2)*cos(x)^2 + 2*a*b*sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2*(b*cos(x)*sin(x) + a*cos(x))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2))/(a^2*cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)) - 2*a^5*b + 4*a^3*b^3 - 2*a*b^5 + 6*(a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*x*cos(x)^3 + 6*(a^5*b - 3*a^3*b^3 + 2*a*b^5)*cos(x)^2 + 2*(a^6 - 2*a^4*b^2 + a^2*b^4 - (4*a^6 - 11*a^4*b^2 + 7*a^2*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*sin(x))/((a^7 - 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^4 - a*b^6)*cos(x)^3), 1/3*(3*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*b^5*arctan(-sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(b*sin(x) + a)/((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x)))*cos(x)^3 - a^5*b + 2*a^3*b^3 - a*b^5 + 3*(a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*x*cos(x)^3 + 3*(a^5*b - 3*a^3*b^3 + 2*a*b^5)*cos(x)^2 + (a^6 - 2*a^4*b^2 + a^2*b^4 - (4*a^6 - 11*a^4*b^2 + 7*a^2*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*sin(x))/((a^7 - 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^4 - a*b^6)*cos(x)^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**4/(a+b*csc(x)),x)**[Out]** Integral(tan(x)**4/(a + b*csc(x)), x)**Giac [A]**

time = 0.42, size = 216, normalized size = 1.36

$$-\frac{2\left(\pi\left[\frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)\right) b^5}{(a^2 - 2a^2b^2 + ab^4)\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{x}{a} + \frac{2\left(3a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^5 - 6ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^5 + 3b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 - 10a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 16ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 6a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 12b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 3a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 6ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 2a^2b + 5b^3\right)}{3(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 1\right)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-2\left(\pi\left[\frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)\right) b^5 / \left(\left(a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4\right) \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right) + x/a + 2/3\left(3a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^5 - 6a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^5 + 3b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 - 10a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 16a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 6a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 12b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 3a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 6a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 2a^2b + 5b^3\right) / \left(\left(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4\right) \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 1\right)^3\right)$

Mupad [B]

time = 7.38, size = 2500, normalized size = 15.72

Too large to display

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(tan(x)^4/(a + b/sin(x)),x)

[Out] $\left(\frac{4 \tan^2(x/2) (a^2 b - 2 b^3)}{a^4 + b^4 - 2 a^2 b^2} - \frac{2 (2 a^2 b - 5 b^3)}{3 (a^4 + b^4 - 2 a^2 b^2)} + \frac{2 b^3 \tan^4(x/2)}{a^4 + b^4 - 2 a^2 b^2} - \frac{4 a \tan^3(x/2) (5 a^2 - 8 b^2)}{3 (a^4 + b^4 - 2 a^2 b^2)} + \frac{2 a \tan(x/2) (a^2 - 2 b^2)}{a^4 + b^4 - 2 a^2 b^2} + \frac{2 a \tan^5(x/2) (a^2 - 2 b^2)}{a^4 + b^4 - 2 a^2 b^2}\right) / \left(3 \tan^2(x/2) - 3 \tan^4(x/2) + \tan^6(x/2) - 1\right) + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{320 a b^{21} \tan(x/2)}{320 a b^{21} + 64 a^{21} b - 2560 a^3 b^{19} + 9280 a^5 b^{17} - 20160 a^7 b^{15} + 29184 a^9 b^{13} - 29504 a^{11} b^{11} + 21120 a^{13} b^9 - 10560 a^{15} b^7 + 3520 a^{17} b^5 - 704 a^{19} b^3}\right)}{320 a b^{21} + 64 a^{21} b - 2560 a^3 b^{19} + 9280 a^5 b^{17} - 20160 a^7 b^{15} + 29184 a^9 b^{13} - 29504 a^{11} b^{11} + 21120 a^{13} b^9 - 10560 a^{15} b^7 + 3520 a^{17} b^5 - 704 a^{19} b^3} - \frac{2560 a^3 b^{19} \tan(x/2)}{320 a b^{21} + 64 a^{21} b - 2560 a^3 b^{19} + 9280 a^5 b^{17} - 20160 a^7 b^{15} + 29184 a^9 b^{13} - 29504 a^{11} b^{11} + 21120 a^{13} b^9 - 10560 a^{15} b^7 + 3520 a^{17} b^5 - 704 a^{19} b^3}$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) + (9280*a^5*b^17*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) - (20160*a^7*b^15*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) + (29184*a^9*b^13*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) - (29504*a^11*b^11*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) + (21120*a^13*b^9*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) - (10560*a^15*b^7*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) + (3520*a^17*b^5*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) + (704*a^19*b^3*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) - (704*a^19*b^3*\tan(x/2))/(320*a*b^21 + 64*a^21*b - 2560*a^3*b^19 + 9280*a^5*b^17 - 20160*a^7*b^15 + 29184*a^9*b^13 - 29504*a^11*b^11 + 21120*a^13*b^9 - 10560*a^15*b^7 + 3520*a^17*b^5 - 704*a^19*b^3) + (b^5*atan(((b^5*((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^(1/2)*(tan(x/2)*(64*a^22*b - 64*b^23 + 576*a^2*b^21 - 2560*a^4*b^19 + 7360*a^6*b^17 - 14880*a^8*b^15 + 21696*a^10*b^13 - 22880*a^12*b^11 + 17280*a^14*b^9 - 9120*a^16*b^7 + 3200*a^18*b^5 - 672*a^20*b^3) + 32*a*b^22 - 320*a^3*b^20 + 1440*a^5*b^18 - 3840*a^7*b^16 + 6720*a^9*b^14 - 8064*a^11*b^12 + 6720*a^13*b^10 - 3840*a^15*b^8 + 1440*a^17*b^6 - 320*a^19*b^4 + 32*a^21*b^2 + (b^5*((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^(1/2)*(32*a^23*b + 96*a^3*b^21 - 864*a^5*b^19 + 3488*a^7*b^17 - 8320*a^9*b^15 + 12992*a^11*b^13 - 13888*a^13*b^11 + 10304*a^15*b^9 - 5248*a^17*b^7 + 1760*a^19*b^5 - 352*a^21*b^3 + tan(x/2))*(64*a^2*b^22 - 512*a^4*b^20 + 1792*a^6*b^18 - 3584*a^8*b^16 + 4480*a^10*b^14 - 3584*a^12*b^12 + 1792*a^14*b^10 - 512*a^16*b^8 + 64*a^18*b^6) + (b^5*((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^(1/2)*(tan(x/2)*(96*a^24*b - 64*a^2*b^23 + 736*a^4*b^21 - 3840*a^6*b^19 + 12000*a^8*b^17 - 24960*a^10*b^15 + 36288*a^12*b^13 - 37632*a^14*b^11 + 27840*a^16*b^9 - 14400*a^18*b^7 + 4960*a^20*b^5 - 1024*a^22*b^3) + 32*a^3*b^22 - 320*a^5*b^20 + 1440*a^7*b^18 - 3840*a^9*b^16 + 6720*a^11*b^14 - 8064*a^13*b^12 + 6720*a^15*b^10 - 3840*a^17*b^8 + 1440*a^19*b^6 - 320*a^21*b^4 + 32*a^23*b^2)))/(a*b^10 - a^11 - 5*a^3*b^8 + 10*a^5*b^6 - 10*a^7*b^4 + 5*a^9*b^2)))/(a*b^10 - a^11 - 5*a^3*b^8 + 10*a^5*b^6 - 10*a^7*b^4 + 5*a^9*b^2) + (b^5*((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^(1/2)*(tan(x/2)*(64*a^22*b - 64*b^23 + 576*a^2*b^21 - 2560*a^4*b^19 + 7360*a^6*b^17 - 14880*a^8*b^15 + 21696*a^10*b^13 - 22880*a^12*b^11 + 17280*a^14*b^9 - 9120*a^16*b^7 + 3200*a^18*b^
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 5 - 672*a^{20}*b^3) + 32*a*b^{22} - 320*a^3*b^{20} + 1440*a^5*b^{18} - 3840*a^7*b^{16} \\
& + 6720*a^9*b^{14} - 8064*a^{11}*b^{12} + 6720*a^{13}*b^{10} - 3840*a^{15}*b^8 + 1440* \\
& a^{17}*b^6 - 320*a^{19}*b^4 + 32*a^{21}*b^2 - (b^5*((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{(1/2)}*(3 \\
& 2*a^{23}*b + 96*a^3*b^{21} - 864*a^5*b^{19} + 3488*a^7*b^{17} - 8320*a^9*b^{15} + 129 \\
& 92*a^{11}*b^{13} - 13888*a^{13}*b^{11} + 10304*a^{15}*b^9 - 5248*a^{17}*b^7 + 1760*a^{19} \\
& *b^5 - 352*a^{21}*b^3 + \tan(x/2)*(64*a^2*b^{22} - 512*a^4*b^{20} + 1792*a^6*b^{18} \\
& - 3584*a^8*b^{16} + 4480*a^{10}*b^{14} - 3584*a^{12}*b^{12} + 1792*a^{14}*b^{10} - 512*a^{16} \\
& *b^8 + 64*a^{18}*b^6) - (b^5*((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{(1/2)}*(\tan(x/2)*(96*a^{24} \\
& *b - 64*a^2*b^{23} + 736*a^4*b^{21} - 3840*a^6*b^{19} + 12000*a^8*b^{17} - 24960*a^{10} \\
& *b^{15} + 36288*a^{12}*b^{13} - 37632*a^{14}*b^{11} + 27840*a^{16}*b^9 - 14400*a^{18}*b \\
& ^7 + 4960*a^{20}*b^5 - 1024*a^{22}*b^3) + 32*a^3*b^{\dots}
\end{aligned}$$

3.20 $\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=84

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2b^3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2-b^2}$$

[Out] $-x/a+2*b^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*\tan(1/2*x))/(\sqrt{a^2-b^2}))/a/(a^2-b^2)^{(3/2)}-b*\sec(x)/(a^2-b^2)+a*\tan(x)/(a^2-b^2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.12, antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$, Rules used = {3983, 2981, 2686, 8, 3554, 2814, 2739, 632, 212}

$$\frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{ax}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2b^3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Tan[x]^2/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-\left(\frac{a*x}{a^2-b^2}\right) + \frac{(b^2*x)/(a*(a^2-b^2)) + (2*b^3*ArcTanh[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2-b^2]])/(a*(a^2-b^2)^{(3/2)}) - (b*Sec[x])/(a^2-b^2) + (a*Tan[x])/(a^2-b^2)}$

Rule 8

`Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

Rule 212

`Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Rule 632

`Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Rule 2686

`Int[((a_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[a/f, Subst[Int[(a*x)^(m-1)*(-1+x^2)^((n-1)/2)`

, x], x, Sec[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(n - 1)/2] && !(IntegerQ[m/2] && LtQ[0, m, n + 1])

Rule 2739

Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(e/d), Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

Rule 2814

Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/d, Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]

Rule 2981

Int[((cos[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*(g_))^(p_)*((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Dist[a*(d^2/(a^2 - b^2)), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + (-Dist[b*(d/(a^2 - b^2)), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] - Dist[a^2*(d^2/(g^2*(a^2 - b^2))), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^(p + 2)*((d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1]

Rule 3554

Int[((b_)*tan[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Dist[b^2, Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]

Rule 3983

Int[cot[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*((b + a*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^(m + n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\sin(x) \tan^2(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{a \int \tan^2(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \int \sec(x) \tan(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 \int \frac{\sin(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{a \int 1 dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \text{Subst}(\int 1 dx, x, \sec(x))}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b^3 \int \frac{1}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} \\
&= -\frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{(2b^3) \text{Subst}(\int \frac{1}{b + 2ax + bx^2} dx, x, \tan(\frac{x}{2}))}{a(a^2 - b^2)} \\
&= -\frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{(4b^3) \text{Subst}(\int \frac{1}{4(a^2 - b^2) - x^2} dx, x, 2a + 2b \tan(\frac{x}{2}))}{a(a^2 - b^2)} \\
&= -\frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a + b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.28, size = 87, normalized size = 1.04

$$\frac{-2b^3 \text{ArcTan}\left(\frac{a + b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} (-a^2 x + b^2 x - ab \sec(x) + a^2 \tan(x))}{a(-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^2/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

```
[Out] -((-2*b^3*ArcTan[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*(-a^2*x + b^2*x - a*b*Sec[x] + a^2*Tan[x]))/(a*(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2))
```

Maple [A]

time = 0.14, size = 106, normalized size = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$ -\frac{2b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan(\frac{x}{2}) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{(a+b)(a-b)a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{16}{(16a+16b)(\tan(\frac{x}{2})-1)} - \frac{2\arctan(\tan(\frac{x}{2}))}{a} - \frac{16}{(16a-16b)(\tan(\frac{x}{2})+1)} $	106
risch	$ -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{-2ia+2be^{ix}}{(e^{2ix}+1)(-a^2+b^2)} - \frac{b^3 \ln\left(\frac{e^{ix} + ib\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} - a^2 + b^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} a}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} (a+b)(a-b)a} + \frac{b^3 \ln\left(\frac{e^{ix} + ib\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} + a^2 - b^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} a}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} (a+b)(a-b)a} $	195

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $-2/(a+b)/(a-b)*b^3/a/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(1/2*(2*b*\tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)})-16/(16*a+16*b)/(\tan(1/2*x)-1)-2/a*\arctan(\tan(1/2*x))-16/(16*a-16*b)/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)$

Maxima [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested a dditional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see 'assume?' for more de

Fricas [A]

time = 3.43, size = 296, normalized size = 3.52

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} b^3 \cos(x) \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(x)^2 - 2ab \sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 - 2(b \cos(x) \sin(x) + a \cos(x)) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a^2 \cos(x)^2 - 2ab \sin(x) + a^2 + b^2}\right) + 2a^3 b - 2ab^3 + 2(a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 + b^4) x \cos(x) - 2(a^4 - a^2 b^2) \sin(x) + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} (b \sin(x) + a)}{(a^2 - b^2) \cos(x)}\right) \cos(x) - a^3 b + ab^3 - (a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 + b^4) x \cos(x) + (a^4 - a^2 b^2) \sin(x)}{2(a^5 - 2a^3 b^2 + ab^4) \cos(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $[-1/2*(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2})*b^3*\cos(x)*\log(-((a^2 - 2*b^2)*\cos(x))^2 + 2*a*b*\sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 - 2*(b*\cos(x)*\sin(x) + a*\cos(x))*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2})/(a^2*\cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*\sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)) + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 + 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*x*\cos(x) - 2*(a^4 - a^2*b^2)*\sin(x)]/((a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*\cos(x)), (\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})*b^3*\arctan(-\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*(b*\sin(x) + a)/((a^2 - b^2)*\cos(x)))*\cos(x) - a^3*b + a*b^3 - (a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*x*\cos(x) + (a^4 - a^2*b^2)*\sin(x)]/((a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*\cos(x))]$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)**2/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)**2/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A]

time = 0.42, size = 103, normalized size = 1.23

$$\frac{2 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan \left(\frac{b \tan(\frac{1}{2}x) + a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \right) \right) b^3}{(a^3 - ab^2)\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{x}{a} - \frac{2(a \tan(\frac{1}{2}x) - b)}{(a^2 - b^2)(\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^2 - 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] -2*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 +
b^2)))*b^3/((a^3 - a*b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)) - x/a - 2*(a*tan(1/2*x) - b)/(
(a^2 - b^2)*(tan(1/2*x)^2 - 1))
```

Mupad [B]

time = 2.26, size = 2341, normalized size = 27.87

Too large to display

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(tan(x)^2/(a + b/sin(x)),x)
```

```
[Out] ((2*b)/(a^2 - b^2) - (2*a*tan(x/2))/(a^2 - b^2))/(tan(x/2)^2 - 1) + (2*atan
((64*a^11*b*tan(x/2))/(192*a*b^11 - 64*a^11*b - 768*a^3*b^9 + 1216*a^5*b^7
- 960*a^7*b^5 + 384*a^9*b^3) - (192*a*b^11*tan(x/2))/(192*a*b^11 - 64*a^11*
b - 768*a^3*b^9 + 1216*a^5*b^7 - 960*a^7*b^5 + 384*a^9*b^3) + (768*a^3*b^9*
tan(x/2))/(192*a*b^11 - 64*a^11*b - 768*a^3*b^9 + 1216*a^5*b^7 - 960*a^7*b^
5 + 384*a^9*b^3) - (1216*a^5*b^7*tan(x/2))/(192*a*b^11 - 64*a^11*b - 768*a^
3*b^9 + 1216*a^5*b^7 - 960*a^7*b^5 + 384*a^9*b^3) + (960*a^7*b^5*tan(x/2))/
(192*a*b^11 - 64*a^11*b - 768*a^3*b^9 + 1216*a^5*b^7 - 960*a^7*b^5 + 384*a^
9*b^3) - (384*a^9*b^3*tan(x/2))/(192*a*b^11 - 64*a^11*b - 768*a^3*b^9 + 121
6*a^5*b^7 - 960*a^7*b^5 + 384*a^9*b^3))/a + (b^3*atan(((b^3*((a + b)^3*(a
- b)^3)^(1/2)*(tan(x/2)*(64*a^12*b + 64*b^13 - 320*a^2*b^11 + 736*a^4*b^9 -
992*a^6*b^7 + 800*a^8*b^5 - 352*a^10*b^3) - 32*a*b^12 + 160*a^3*b^10 - 320
*a^5*b^8 + 320*a^7*b^6 - 160*a^9*b^4 + 32*a^11*b^2 + (b^3*((a + b)^3*(a - b
)^3)^(1/2)*(tan(x/2)*(64*a^2*b^12 - 256*a^4*b^10 + 384*a^6*b^8 - 256*a^8*b^
6 + 64*a^10*b^4) - 32*a^13*b + 64*a^3*b^11 - 288*a^5*b^9 + 512*a^7*b^7 - 44
8*a^9*b^5 + 192*a^11*b^3 + (b^3*((a + b)^3*(a - b)^3)^(1/2)*(tan(x/2)*(96*a
^14*b + 64*a^2*b^13 - 416*a^4*b^11 + 1120*a^6*b^9 - 1600*a^8*b^7 + 1280*a^1
0*b^5 - 544*a^12*b^3) - 32*a^3*b^12 + 160*a^5*b^10 - 320*a^7*b^8 + 320*a^9*
b^6 - 160*a^11*b^4 + 32*a^13*b^2))/(a*b^6 - a^7 - 3*a^3*b^4 + 3*a^5*b^2)))/
(a*b^6 - a^7 - 3*a^3*b^4 + 3*a^5*b^2))*1i)/(a*b^6 - a^7 - 3*a^3*b^4 + 3*a^5
*b^2) + (b^3*((a + b)^3*(a - b)^3)^(1/2)*(tan(x/2)*(64*a^12*b + 64*b^13 - 3
20*a^2*b^11 + 736*a^4*b^9 - 992*a^6*b^7 + 800*a^8*b^5 - 352*a^10*b^3) - 32*
```

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^6 b^{12} + 160 a^3 b^{10} - 320 a^5 b^8 + 320 a^7 b^6 - 160 a^9 b^4 + 32 a^{11} b^2 \\
& - (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan(x/2) (64 a^2 b^{12} - 256 a^4 b^{10} \\
& + 384 a^6 b^8 - 256 a^8 b^6 + 64 a^{10} b^4) - 32 a^{13} b + 64 a^3 b^{11} - 288 \\
& a^5 b^9 + 512 a^7 b^7 - 448 a^9 b^5 + 192 a^{11} b^3 - (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan(x/2) (96 a^{14} b \\
& + 64 a^2 b^{13} - 416 a^4 b^{11} + 1120 a^6 b^9 - 1600 a^8 b^7 + 1280 a^{10} b^5 - 544 a^{12} b^3) - 32 a^3 b^{12} + 160 a^5 b^{10} \\
& - 320 a^7 b^8 + 320 a^9 b^6 - 160 a^{11} b^4 + 32 a^{13} b^2)) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) * i) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) / (2 \tan(x/2) (64 b^{12} - 256 a^2 b^{10} + 384 \\
& a^4 b^8 - 256 a^6 b^6 + 64 a^8 b^4) - 64 a^2 b^{11} + 192 a^3 b^9 - 192 a^5 b^7 + 64 a^7 b^5 + (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan(x/2) (64 a^{12} b + 64 \\
& b^{13} - 320 a^2 b^{11} + 736 a^4 b^9 - 992 a^6 b^7 + 800 a^8 b^5 - 352 a^{10} b^3) - 32 a^2 b^{12} + 160 a^3 b^{10} - 320 a^5 b^8 + 320 a^7 b^6 - 160 a^9 b^4 + \\
& 32 a^{11} b^2 + (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan(x/2) (64 a^2 b^{12} - 256 \\
& a^4 b^{10} + 384 a^6 b^8 - 256 a^8 b^6 + 64 a^{10} b^4) - 32 a^{13} b + 64 a^3 b^{11} - 288 a^5 b^9 + 512 a^7 b^7 - 448 a^9 b^5 + 192 a^{11} b^3 + (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan(x/2) (96 a^{14} b \\
& + 64 a^2 b^{13} - 416 a^4 b^{11} + 1120 a^6 b^9 - 1600 a^8 b^7 + 1280 a^{10} b^5 - 544 a^{12} b^3) - 32 a^3 b^{12} + 1 \\
& 60 a^5 b^{10} - 320 a^7 b^8 + 320 a^9 b^6 - 160 a^{11} b^4 + 32 a^{13} b^2)) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) \\
& / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2) - (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan(x/2) (64 a^{12} b + 64 b^{13} - 320 a^2 b^{11} + 736 a^4 b^9 - 992 a^6 b^7 + \\
& 800 a^8 b^5 - 352 a^{10} b^3) - 32 a^2 b^{12} + 160 a^3 b^{10} - 320 a^5 b^8 + 320 a^7 b^6 - 160 a^9 b^4 + 32 a^{11} b^2 - (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan \\
& (x/2) (64 a^2 b^{12} - 256 a^4 b^{10} + 384 a^6 b^8 - 256 a^8 b^6 + 64 a^{10} b^4) \\
&) - 32 a^{13} b + 64 a^3 b^{11} - 288 a^5 b^9 + 512 a^7 b^7 - 448 a^9 b^5 + 192 \\
& a^{11} b^3 - (b^3 ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} (\tan(x/2) (96 a^{14} b + 64 a^2 b^{13} - 416 a^4 b^{11} + 1120 a^6 b^9 - 1600 a^8 b^7 + 1280 a^{10} b^5 - 544 a^{12} b^3) - 32 a^3 b^{12} + 160 a^5 b^{10} - 320 a^7 b^8 + 320 a^9 b^6 - 160 a^{11} b^4 + 32 a^{13} b^2)) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)) * ((a+b)^3 (a-b)^3)^{1/2} * 2i) / (a^6 b^6 - a^7 - 3 a^3 b^4 + 3 a^5 b^2)
\end{aligned}$$

$$3.21 \quad \int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=61

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab}$$

[Out] $-x/a - \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))/b + 2 \operatorname{arctanh}((a+b \tan(1/2*x))/\sqrt{a^2-b^2}) * \sqrt{a^2-b^2} / (a*b)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.12, antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.615$, Rules used = {3979, 4136, 3855, 4004, 3916, 2739, 632, 212}

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab} - \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[Cot[x]^2/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] $-(x/a) - \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]]/b + (2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\operatorname{Tan}[x/2])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*b)$

Rule 212

`Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Rule 632

`Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Rule 2739

`Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(e/d), Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

Rule 3855

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3916

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/b, Int[1/(1 + (a/b)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 3979

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^2*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Int[(-1 + Csc[c + d*x]^2)*(a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 4004

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.) + (c_.))/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(x/a), x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/a, Int[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

Rule 4136

```
Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.))/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Dist[C/b, Int[Csc[e + f*x], x], x] + Dist[1/b, Int[(A*b - a*C*Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, C}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{-1 + \csc^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{\int \csc(x) dx}{b} + \frac{\int \frac{-b-a \csc(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} - \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right) \int \frac{\csc(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} - \frac{\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right) \int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{a \sin(x)}{b}} dx}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} - \frac{\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right)\right) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2ax}{b} + x^2} dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} + \frac{\left(4\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right)\right) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-4\left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) - x^2} dx, x, \frac{2a}{b} + 2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{b\left(\frac{a}{b} + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.08, size = 71, normalized size = 1.16

$$\frac{-bx + 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \text{ArcTan}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) - a \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + a \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{ab}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^2/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

```
[Out] (-b*x) + 2*sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*ArcTan[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] - a*
Log[Cos[x/2]] + a*Log[Sin[x/2]]/(a*b)
```

Maple [A]

time = 0.12, size = 75, normalized size = 1.23

method	result	s
default	$ \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{b} + \frac{(-2a^2 + 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{ab\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a} $	7
risch	$ -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \ln\left(e^{ix} + \frac{ib - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a}\right)}{ba} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \ln\left(e^{ix} + \frac{ib + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a}\right)}{ba} - \frac{\ln(e^{ix} + 1)}{b} + \frac{\ln(e^{ix} - 1)}{b} $	1

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{b} \ln(\tan(1/2*x)) + (-2*a^2 + 2*b^2)/a/b/(-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(1/2*(2*b*\tan(1/2*x) + 2*a)/(-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)}) - 2/a * \arctan(\tan(1/2*x))$

Maxima [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested a dditional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see 'assume?' for more de

Fricas [A]

time = 4.28, size = 206, normalized size = 3.38

$$\left[\frac{2bx + a \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - a \log\left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2)\cos(x)^2 + 2ab\sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2(b\cos(x)\sin(x) + a\cos(x))\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a^2\cos(x)^2 - 2ab\sin(x) - a^2 - b^2}\right)}{2ab}, \frac{2bx + a \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - a \log\left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(b\sin(x) + a)}{(a^2 - b^2)\cos(x)}\right)}{2ab} \right]$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $[-1/2*(2*b*x + a*\log(1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - a*\log(-1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}*\log(((a^2 - 2*b^2)*\cos(x)^2 + 2*a*b*\sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2*(b*\cos(x)*\sin(x) + a*\cos(x))*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}))/((a^2*\cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*\sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)))/(a*b), -1/2*(2*b*x + a*\log(1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - a*\log(-1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - 2*\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*\arctan(-\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*(b*\sin(x) + a)/((a^2 - b^2)*\cos(x))))/(a*b)]$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**2/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**2/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A]

time = 0.43, size = 80, normalized size = 1.31

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{b} - \frac{2\left(\pi\left\lfloor\frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)+a}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)\right)(a^2-b^2)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}ab}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -x/a + log(abs(tan(1/2*x)))/b - 2*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)))*(a^2 - b^2)/(sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a*b)

Mupad [B]

time = 0.53, size = 697, normalized size = 11.43

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^2/(a + b/sin(x)),x)

[Out] (2*atan((64*b^3)/(64*b^3*tan(x/2) + 64*a*b^2 - 64*a^3 - 64*a^2*b*tan(x/2)) + (64*a^3*tan(x/2))/(64*b^3*tan(x/2) + 64*a*b^2 - 64*a^3 - 64*a^2*b*tan(x/2))) - (64*a^2*b)/(64*b^3*tan(x/2) + 64*a*b^2 - 64*a^3 - 64*a^2*b*tan(x/2)) - (64*a*b^2*tan(x/2))/(64*b^3*tan(x/2) + 64*a*b^2 - 64*a^3 - 64*a^2*b*tan(x/2))))/a + log(tan(x/2))/b - (2*atanh((512*a^4*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))/(256*a*b^4 - 64*b^5*tan(x/2) + 512*a^5 - 768*a^3*b^2 + 832*a^2*b^3*tan(x/2) + (1024*a^6*tan(x/2))/b - 1792*a^4*b*tan(x/2)) - (512*a^2*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))/(256*a*b^2 - 64*b^3*tan(x/2) - 768*a^3 + (512*a^5)/b^2 - (1792*a^4*tan(x/2))/b + (1024*a^6*tan(x/2))/b^3 + 832*a^2*b*tan(x/2)) + (64*b^2*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))/(256*a*b^2 - 64*b^3*tan(x/2) - 768*a^3 + (512*a^5)/b^2 - (1792*a^4*tan(x/2))/b + (1024*a^6*tan(x/2))/b^3 + 832*a^2*b*tan(x/2)) - (1280*a^3*tan(x/2)*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))/(256*a*b^3 - 64*b^4*tan(x/2) - 1792*a^4*tan(x/2) - 768*a^3*b + (512*a^5)/b + 832*a^2*b^2*tan(x/2) + (1024*a^6*tan(x/2))/b^2) + (1024*a^5*tan(x/2)*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))/(1024*a^6*tan(x/2) - 64*b^6*tan(x/2) + 256*a*b^5 + 512*a^5*b - 768*a^3*b^3 + 832*a^2*b^4*tan(x/2) - 1792*a^4*b^2*tan(x/2)) + (320*a*b*tan(x/2)*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))/(256*a*b^2 - 64*b^3*tan(x/2) - 768*a^3 + (512*a^5)/b^2 - (1792*a^4*tan(x/2))/b + (1024*a^6*tan(x/2))/b^3 + 832*a^2*b*tan(x/2)))*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))/(a*b)

3.22 $\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=91

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b}$$

[Out] x/a-1/2*(2*a^2-3*b^2)*arctanh(cos(x))/b^3+2*(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b*tan(1/2*x))/sqrt(a^2-b^2))/a/b^3+a*cot(x)/b^2-1/2*cot(x)*csc(x)/b

Rubi [A]

time = 0.19, antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$, Rules used = {3983, 2972, 3136, 2739, 632, 212, 3855}

$$-\frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} + \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Cot[x]^4/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] x/a - ((2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[Cos[x]]/(2*b^3) + (2*(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]/(a*b^3) + (a*Cot[x])/b^2 - (Cot[x]*Csc[x])/(2*b)

Rule 212

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

Rule 632

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]

Rule 2739

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(e/d), Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

Rule 2972

```
Int[cos[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^4*((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)*((a_) +
(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*
Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*d*f*(n + 1))), x] + (-Di
st[1/(a^2*d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*(d*SIN[e + f*x])
^(n + 2)*Simp[a^2*n*(n + 2) - b^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3) + a*b*m*SIN[e + f
*x] - (a^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2) - b^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 4))*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x
], x], x] - Simp[b*(m + n + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((
d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 2)/(a^2*d^2*f*(n + 1)*(n + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && (IGtQ[m, 0] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
&& !m < -1 && LtQ[n, -1] && (LtQ[n, -2] || EqQ[m + n + 4, 0])
```

Rule 3136

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C*(x/(b*d)), x] + (Dist[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)
/(b*(b*c - a*d)), Int[1/(a + b*SIN[e + f*x]), x], x] - Dist[(c^2*C - B*c*d
+ A*d^2)/(d*(b*c - a*d)), Int[1/(c + d*SIN[e + f*x]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && Ne
Q[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

Rule 3855

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3983

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n
_), x_Symbol] := Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*((b + a*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^(m
+ n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &&
IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\cos(x) \cot^3(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{\csc(x)(-2a^2 + 3b^2 - ab \sin(x) - 2b^2 \sin^2(x))}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{2b^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{ab^3} - \frac{(-2a^2 + 3b^2) \int \csc(x) dx}{2b^3} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} - \frac{(2(a^2 - b^2)^2) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{b + a \sin(x)} dx\right)}{ab^3} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} + \frac{(4(a^2 - b^2)^2) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{b + a \sin(x)} dx\right)}{ab^3} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.45, size = 158, normalized size = 1.74

$$\frac{8b^3x - 16(-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} \text{ArcTan}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) + 4a^2b \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - ab^2 \csc^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 8a^3 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + 12ab^2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + 8a^3 \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - 12ab^2 \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + ab^2 \sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4a^2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8ab^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

`[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^4/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]`

```
[Out] (8*b^3*x - 16*(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]]
+ 4*a^2*b*Cot[x/2] - a*b^2*Csc[x/2]^2 - 8*a^3*Log[Cos[x/2]] + 12*a*b^2*Log[
Cos[x/2]] + 8*a^3*Log[Sin[x/2]] - 12*a*b^2*Log[Sin[x/2]] + a*b^2*Sec[x/2]^2
- 4*a^2*b*Tan[x/2])/(8*a*b^3)
```

Maple [A]

time = 0.20, size = 141, normalized size = 1.55

method	result
default	$ -\frac{b \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)}{4b^2} + 2a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{8b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{(4a^2 - 6b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{4b^3} + \frac{a}{2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} + \frac{(-8a^4 + 16a^2b^2 - 8b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{4ab^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} $
risch	$ \frac{x}{a} + \frac{2ia e^{2ix} + b e^{3ix} - 2ia + b e^{ix}}{(e^{2ix} - 1)^2 b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} a \ln\left(e^{ix} + \frac{ib + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \ln\left(e^{ix} + \frac{ib + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a}\right)}{ba} $

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/4/b^2*(-1/2*b*tan(1/2*x)^2+2*a*tan(1/2*x))-1/8/b/tan(1/2*x)^2+1/4/b^3*(4
*a^2-6*b^2)*ln(tan(1/2*x))+1/2*a/b^2/tan(1/2*x)+1/4*(-8*a^4+16*a^2*b^2-8*b^
4)/a/b^3/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))
+2/a*arctan(tan(1/2*x))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested a
dditional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* h
elp (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see 'assume?' for
more de
```

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 203 vs. 2(81) = 162.

time = 4.76, size = 453, normalized size = 4.98

```
[4*atan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))-1/4/b^2*(-1/2*b*tan(1/2*x)^2+2*a*tan(1/2*x))-1/8/b/tan(1/2*x)^2+1/4/b^3*(4
*a^2-6*b^2)*ln(tan(1/2*x))+1/2*a/b^2/tan(1/2*x)+1/4*(-8*a^4+16*a^2*b^2-8*b^4)/a/b^3/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))
+2/a*arctan(tan(1/2*x))]
```

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] [1/4*(4*b^3*x*cos(x)^2 - 4*a^2*b*cos(x)*sin(x) - 4*b^3*x + 2*a*b^2*cos(x) -
2*((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*log(-((a^2 - 2*b^2)*c
os(x)^2 + 2*a*b*sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 - 2*(b*cos(x)*sin(x) + a*cos(x))*sqrt(a^
2 - b^2)))/(a^2*cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)) + (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (
2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (2*a^
3 - 3*a*b^2)*cos(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2))/(a*b^3*cos(x)^2 - a*b^3), 1/
4*(4*b^3*x*cos(x)^2 - 4*a^2*b*cos(x)*sin(x) - 4*b^3*x + 2*a*b^2*cos(x) + 4*
((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*arctan(-sqrt(-a^2 + b^2
))*(b*sin(x) + a)/((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x))) + (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^
2)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*c
os(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2))/(a*b^3*cos(x)^2 - a*b^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)**4/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**4/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(81) = 162.

time = 0.40, size = 163, normalized size = 1.79

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 4a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{8b^2} + \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{2b^3} - \frac{2(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} ab^3} - \frac{12a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 18b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 4ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + b^2}{8b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] x/a + 1/8*(b*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 4*a*tan(1/2*x))/b^2 + 1/2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*x)))/b^3 - 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)))/(sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a*b^3) - 1/8*(12*a^2*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 18*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 4*a*b*tan(1/2*x) + b^2)/(b^3*tan(1/2*x)^2)

Mupad [B]

time = 1.19, size = 2163, normalized size = 23.77

Too large to display

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^4/(a + b/sin(x)),x)

[Out] (a^3*log(sin(x/2)/cos(x/2)))/(a*b^3 - a*b^3*cos(2*x)) - (2*b^3*atan((2*b^3*cos(x/2) + 2*a^3*sin(x/2) - 3*a*b^2*sin(x/2))/(2*b^3*sin(x/2) - 2*a^3*cos(x/2) + 3*a*b^2*cos(x/2))))/(a*b^3 - a*b^3*cos(2*x)) - (atan((32*a^6*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(3/2) - 14*b^6*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) + 19*a*b^5*cos(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(3/2) + 16*a^5*b*cos(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(3/2) + 13*a*b^11*cos(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) - 36*a^3*b^3*cos(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(3/2) - 24*a^3*b^9*cos(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) + 8*a^5*b^7*cos(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) + 2*a^7*b^5*cos(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) + 63*a^2*b^4*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(3/2) - 82*a^4*b^2*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(3/2) + 72*a^2*b^10*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) - 106*a^4*b^8*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) + 56*a^6*b^6*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) - 11*a^8*b^4*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2) + 2*a^10*b^2*sin(x/2)*(a^6 - b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^2)^(1/2))

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/2)) / (a^{15} \sin(x/2) * 32i + a^2 b^{13} \cos(x/2) * 27i - a^4 b^{11} \cos(x/2) * 165i + \\
& a^6 b^9 \cos(x/2) * 390i - a^8 b^7 \cos(x/2) * 469i + a^{10} b^5 \cos(x/2) * 309i - a^{12} b^3 \cos(x/2) * 108i + \\
& a^3 b^{12} \sin(x/2) * 108i - a^5 b^{10} \sin(x/2) * 482i + a^7 b^8 \sin(x/2) * 982i - a^9 b^6 \sin(x/2) * 1080i + \\
& a^{11} b^4 \sin(x/2) * 670i - a^{13} b^2 \sin(x/2) * 224i + a^{14} b \cos(x/2) * 16i - a b^{14} \sin(x/2) * 6i)) * (a^6 - b^6 + \\
& 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2) * 2i} / (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x)) - (a^3 \cos(2x) * \log(\sin(x/2) / \cos(x/2))) / (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x)) + \\
& (\operatorname{atan}((32a^6 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(3/2)} - 14b^6 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(3/2)} - \\
& 14b^{12} \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} + 19a b^5 \cos(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(3/2)} + \\
& 16a^5 b \cos(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(3/2)} + 13a b^{11} \cos(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} - \\
& 36a^3 b^3 \cos(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(3/2)} - 24a^3 b^9 \cos(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} + \\
& 8a^5 b^7 \cos(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} + 2a^7 b^5 \cos(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} + \\
& 63a^2 b^4 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(3/2)} - 82a^4 b^2 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(3/2)} + \\
& 72a^2 b^{10} \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} - 106a^4 b^8 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} + \\
& 56a^6 b^6 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} - 11a^8 b^4 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2)} + \\
& 2a^{10} b^2 \sin(x/2) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2})) / (a^{15} \sin(x/2) * 32i + a^2 b^{13} \cos(x/2) * 27i - a^4 b^{11} \cos(x/2) * 165i + \\
& a^6 b^9 \cos(x/2) * 390i - a^8 b^7 \cos(x/2) * 469i + a^{10} b^5 \cos(x/2) * 309i - a^{12} b^3 \cos(x/2) * 108i + a^3 b^{12} \sin(x/2) * 108i - \\
& a^5 b^{10} \sin(x/2) * 482i + a^7 b^8 \sin(x/2) * 982i - a^9 b^6 \sin(x/2) * 1080i + a^{11} b^4 \sin(x/2) * 670i - a^{13} b^2 \sin(x/2) * 224i + \\
& a^{14} b \cos(x/2) * 16i - a b^{14} \sin(x/2) * 6i)) * \cos(2x) * (a^6 - b^6 + 3a^2 b^4 - 3a^4 b^2)^{(1/2) * 2i} / (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x)) - \\
& (3a b^2 * \log(\sin(x/2) / \cos(x/2))) / (2 * (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x))) + (2b^3 \cos(2x) * \operatorname{atan}((2b^3 \cos(x/2) + 2a^3 \sin(x/2) - 3a b^2 \sin(x/2)) / (2b^3 \sin(x/2) - 2a^3 \cos(x/2) + 3a b^2 \cos(x/2)))) / (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x)) - (a b^2 \cos(x)) / (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x)) + (a^2 b \sin(2x)) / (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x)) + (3a b^2 \cos(2x) * \log(\sin(x/2) / \cos(x/2))) / (2 * (a b^3 - a b^3 \cos(2x)))
\end{aligned}$$

3.23 $\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=186

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8b} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2} \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{ab^5}$$

[Out] $-x/a - 3/8 * \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))/b - 1/2 * (a^2 - 3b^2) * \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))/b^3 - (a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) * \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))/b^5 + 2 * (a^2 - b^2)^{(5/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}((a + b * \tan(1/2 * x)) / (a^2 - b^2)^{(1/2)}) / a / b^5 + a * \cot(x) / b^2 + a * (a^2 - 3b^2) * \cot(x) / b^4 + 1/3 * a * \cot(x)^3 / b^2 - 3/8 * \cot(x) * \csc(x) / b - 1/2 * (a^2 - 3b^2) * \cot(x) * \csc(x) / b^3 - 1/4 * \cot(x) * \csc(x)^3 / b$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.18, antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$, Rules used = {3983, 2976, 3855, 3852, 8, 3853, 2739, 632, 212}

$$\frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a + b \tan(x/2)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab^5} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \cot(x)}{b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{a \cot^3(x)}{3b^2} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8b} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc^3(x)}{4b} - \frac{3 \cot(x) \csc(x)}{8b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cot}[x]^6 / (a + b * \operatorname{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(x/a) - (3 * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]]) / (8 * b) - ((a^2 - 3 * b^2) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]]) / (2 * b^3) - ((a^4 - 3 * a^2 * b^2 + 3 * b^4) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]]) / b^5 + (2 * (a^2 - b^2)^{(5/2)} * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(a + b * \operatorname{Tan}[x/2]) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2]]) / (a * b^5) + (a * \operatorname{Cot}[x]) / b^2 + (a * (a^2 - 3 * b^2) * \operatorname{Cot}[x]) / b^4 + (a * \operatorname{Cot}[x]^3) / (3 * b^2) - (3 * \operatorname{Cot}[x] * \operatorname{Csc}[x]) / (8 * b) - ((a^2 - 3 * b^2) * \operatorname{Cot}[x] * \operatorname{Csc}[x]) / (2 * b^3) - (\operatorname{Cot}[x] * \operatorname{Csc}[x]^3) / (4 * b)$

Rule 8

$\operatorname{Int}[a_, x_Symbol] := \operatorname{Simp}[a * x, x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x]$

Rule 212

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_) + (b_.) * (x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] := \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] * \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$

Rule 632

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_) + (c_.) * (x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] := \operatorname{Dist}[-2, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / \operatorname{Simp}[b^2 - 4 * a * c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 * c * x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 0]$

Rule 2739

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(e/d), Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 2976

```
Int[cos[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_ + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(d*sin[e + f*x])^n*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(1 - sin[e + f*x]^2)^(p/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegersQ[m, 2*n, p/2] && (LtQ[m, -1] || (EqQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]))
```

Rule 3852

```
Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[-d^(-1), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

Rule 3853

```
Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Dist[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)), Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

Rule 3855

```
Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3983

```
Int[cot[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*((b + a*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^(m + n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\cos(x) \cot^5(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \int \left(-\frac{1}{a} + \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{(-a^3 + 3ab^2) \csc^2(x)}{b^4} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{b^3} - \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 \csc^5(x)}{b} \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{a \int \csc^4(x) dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \csc^5(x) dx}{b} - \frac{(a(a^2 - 3b^2)) \int \csc^2(x) dx}{b^4} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \csc^3(x) dx}{b^3} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b^3} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc^3(x)}{4b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} + \frac{a^2}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8b} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.97, size = 312, normalized size = 1.68

$$\frac{-192b^5x + 384(-a^2 + b^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left(\frac{a + b \tan(x/2)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) + 32a^2b^3(3a^2 - 7b^2) \cot(x/2) - 24a^3b^2 \csc^2(x/2) + 54a^4b \csc^4(x/2) - 36a^5 \log(\cos(x/2)) + 480a^3b^2 \log(\cos(x/2)) - 360a^4b \log(\cos(x/2)) + 192a^5 \log(\sin(x/2)) - 480a^3b^2 \log(\sin(x/2)) + 360a^4b \log(\sin(x/2)) + 24a^5 \sec^2(x/2) - 54a^4b \sec^4(x/2) + 36a^5 \sec^2(x) \sin^4(x/2) + 4a^4b^3 \csc^2(x) \sin^4(x/2) - 96a^4b \tan(x/2) + 224a^2b^3 \tan(x/2)}{192b^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^6/(a + b*Csc[x]),x]

[Out] $(-192*b^5*x + 384*(-a^2 + b^2)^{(5/2)}*ArcTan[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + 32*a^2*b*(3*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Cot[x/2] - 24*a^3*b^2*Csc[x/2]^2 + 54*a*b^4*Csc[x/2]^2 - 3*a*b^4*Csc[x/2]^4 - 192*a^5*Log[Cos[x/2]] + 480*a^3*b^2*Log[Cos[x/2]] - 360*a*b^4*Log[Cos[x/2]] + 192*a^5*Log[Sin[x/2]] - 480*a^3*b^2*Log[Sin[x/2]] + 360*a*b^4*Log[Sin[x/2]] + 24*a^3*b^2*Sec[x/2]^2 - 54*a*b^4*Sec[x/2]^2 + 3*a*b^4*Sec[x/2]^4 - 64*a^2*b^3*Csc[x]^3*Sin[x/2]^4 + 4*a^2*b^3*Csc[x/2]^4*Sin[x] - 96*a^4*b*Tan[x/2] + 224*a^2*b^3*Tan[x/2])/(192*a*b^5)$

Maple [A]

time = 0.26, size = 251, normalized size = 1.35

method	result
default	$ -\frac{b^3 \tan^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2a \tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) b^2}{3} - 2a^2 b \tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4b^3 \tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 8a^3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 18a b^2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{16b^4} - \frac{1}{64b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{4a^2 - 8b^2}{32b^3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} $

risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{72ia^3e^{4ix} - 56iab^2 - 12a^2be^{7ix} + 27b^3e^{7ix} + 72iab^2e^{6ix} - 24ia^3e^{6ix} + 12a^2be^{5ix} - 3b^3e^{5ix} + 24ia^3 - 72ia^3e^{2ix} + 12a^2be^{3ix} - 3b^3e^3}{12b^4(e^{2ix} - 1)^4}$
-------	--

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/16/b^4*(-1/4*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^4+2/3*a*tan(1/2*x)^3*b^2-2*a^2*b*tan(1/2*x)^2+4*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^2+8*a^3*tan(1/2*x)-18*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x))-1/64/b/tan(1/2*x)^4-1/32*(4*a^2-8*b^2)/b^3/tan(1/2*x)^2+1/16/b^5*(16*a^4-40*a^2*b^2+30*b^4)*ln(tan(1/2*x))+1/24*a/b^2/tan(1/2*x)^3+1/8*a*(4*a^2-9*b^2)/b^4/tan(1/2*x)-2/a*arctan(tan(1/2*x))+1/16*(-32*a^6+96*a^4*b^2-96*a^2*b^4+32*b^6)/a/b^5/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see 'assume?' for more details)
```

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 403 vs. 2(168) = 336.

time = 4.16, size = 852, normalized size = 4.58

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] [-1/48*(48*b^5*x*cos(x)^4 - 96*b^5*x*cos(x)^2 + 48*b^5*x - 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 9*a*b^4)*cos(x)^3 - 24*((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^4 + a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 - 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*log(((a^2 - 2*b^2)*cos(x)^2 + 2*a*b*sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2*(b*cos(x)*sin(x) + a*cos(x))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2))/(a^2*cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)) + 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 7*a*b^4)*cos(x) + 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^4 - 2*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^4 - 2*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x))
```

+ 1/2) + 16*((3*a^4*b - 7*a^2*b^3)*cos(x)^3 - 3*(a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3)*cos(x) *sin(x))/(a*b^5*cos(x)^4 - 2*a*b^5*cos(x)^2 + a*b^5), -1/48*(48*b^5*x*cos(x)^4 - 96*b^5*x*cos(x)^2 + 48*b^5*x - 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 9*a*b^4)*cos(x)^3 - 48*((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^4 + a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 - 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*arctan(-sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(b*sin(x) + a)/((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x))) + 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 7*a*b^4)*cos(x) + 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^4 - 2*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^4 - 2*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) + 16*((3*a^4*b - 7*a^2*b^3)*cos(x)^3 - 3*(a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3)*cos(x))*sin(x))/(a*b^5*cos(x)^4 - 2*a*b^5*cos(x)^2 + a*b^5)]

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)**6/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(cot(x)**6/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A]

time = 0.44, size = 299, normalized size = 1.61

$$\frac{-x}{a} + \frac{1}{192} \frac{3b^3 \tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 8a^2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 24a^2 \tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 48a^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 96a^2 \tan^7\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 216a^2 \tan^9\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{192b^3} + \frac{2(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} a^2 b^5} - \frac{1}{192} \frac{400a^4 \tan^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1000a^2 b^2 \tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 750b^4 \tan^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 96a^3 b \tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 216a^2 b^3 \tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 24a^2 b^2 \tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 48b^4 \tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 8a^2 b^3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 3b^4}{192b^5 \tan^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -x/a + 1/192*(3*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 8*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 24*a^2*b*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 48*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 96*a^3*tan(1/2*x) + 216*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x))/b^4 + 1/8*(8*a^4 - 20*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*log(abs(tan(1/2*x)))/b^5 - 2*(a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)))/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a*b^5 - 1/192*(400*a^4*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 1000*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^4 + 750*b^4*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 96*a^3*b*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 216*a*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 24*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 48*b^4*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 8*a^2*b^3*tan(1/2*x) + 3*b^4)/(b^5*tan(1/2*x)^4)

Mupad [B]

time = 1.59, size = 2500, normalized size = 13.44

Too large to display

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^6/(a + b/sin(x)),x)

[Out] $\tan(x/2) * (a / (8*b^2) + (2*a*(1/(2*b) - a^2/(4*b^3))) / b) - \tan(x/2)^2 * (1/(4*b) - a^2/(8*b^3)) + \tan(x/2)^4 / (64*b) - (2*atan((((4*(24*a*b^16 + 58*a^3*b^14 - 345*a^5*b^12 + 543*a^7*b^10 - 440*a^9*b^8 + 184*a^11*b^6 - 32*a^13*b^4)) / b^12 + (((4*(24*a^3*b^16 - 32*a^5*b^14)) / b^12 - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*a^2*b^17 - 136*a^4*b^15 + 128*a^6*b^13)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*(93*a^3*b^15 - 240*a^5*b^13 + 208*a^7*b^11 - 64*a^9*b^9)) / b^12 + (4*\tan(x/2)*(62*a^2*b^16 - 335*a^4*b^14 + 604*a^6*b^12 - 456*a^8*b^10 + 128*a^10*b^8)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*b^17 - 180*a^2*b^15 + 252*a^4*b^13 - 148*a^6*b^11 + 100*a^8*b^9 - 40*a^10*b^7 + 8*a^12*b^5)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*(53*a*b^15 - 120*a^3*b^13 + 48*a^5*b^11 + 56*a^7*b^9 - 48*a^9*b^7 + 8*a^11*b^5)) / b^12 + (4*\tan(x/2)*(8*a^16 + 62*b^16 - 410*a^2*b^14 + 929*a^4*b^12 - 1096*a^6*b^10 + 873*a^8*b^8 - 550*a^10*b^6 + 255*a^12*b^4 - 68*a^14*b^2)) / b^12) / a - ((4*(53*a*b^15 - 120*a^3*b^13 + 48*a^5*b^11 + 56*a^7*b^9 - 48*a^9*b^7 + 8*a^11*b^5)) / b^12 + (((4*(24*a*b^16 + 58*a^3*b^14 - 345*a^5*b^12 + 543*a^7*b^10 - 440*a^9*b^8 + 184*a^11*b^6 - 32*a^13*b^4)) / b^12 + (((4*(93*a^3*b^15 - 240*a^5*b^13 + 208*a^7*b^11 - 64*a^9*b^9)) / b^12 + (((4*(24*a^3*b^16 - 32*a^5*b^14)) / b^12 - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*a^2*b^17 - 136*a^4*b^15 + 128*a^6*b^13)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(62*a^2*b^16 - 335*a^4*b^14 + 604*a^6*b^12 - 456*a^8*b^10 + 128*a^10*b^8)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*b^17 - 180*a^2*b^15 + 252*a^4*b^13 - 148*a^6*b^11 + 100*a^8*b^9 - 40*a^10*b^7 + 8*a^12*b^5)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(8*a^16 + 62*b^16 - 410*a^2*b^14 + 929*a^4*b^12 - 1096*a^6*b^10 + 873*a^8*b^8 - 550*a^10*b^6 + 255*a^12*b^4 - 68*a^14*b^2)) / b^12) / a) / (((4*(24*a*b^16 + 58*a^3*b^14 - 345*a^5*b^12 + 543*a^7*b^10 - 440*a^9*b^8 + 184*a^11*b^6 - 32*a^13*b^4)) / b^12 + (((4*(24*a^3*b^16 - 32*a^5*b^14)) / b^12 - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*a^2*b^17 - 136*a^4*b^15 + 128*a^6*b^13)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*(93*a^3*b^15 - 240*a^5*b^13 + 208*a^7*b^11 - 64*a^9*b^9)) / b^12 + (4*\tan(x/2)*(62*a^2*b^16 - 335*a^4*b^14 + 604*a^6*b^12 - 456*a^8*b^10 + 128*a^10*b^8)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*b^17 - 180*a^2*b^15 + 252*a^4*b^13 - 148*a^6*b^11 + 100*a^8*b^9 - 40*a^10*b^7 + 8*a^12*b^5)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*(53*a*b^15 - 120*a^3*b^13 + 48*a^5*b^11 + 56*a^7*b^9 - 48*a^9*b^7 + 8*a^11*b^5)) / b^12 + (4*\tan(x/2)*(8*a^16 + 62*b^16 - 410*a^2*b^14 + 929*a^4*b^12 - 1096*a^6*b^10 + 873*a^8*b^8 - 550*a^10*b^6 + 255*a^12*b^4 - 68*a^14*b^2)) / b^12) * 1i) / a + (((4*(53*a*b^15 - 120*a^3*b^13 + 48*a^5*b^11 + 56*a^7*b^9 - 48*a^9*b^7 + 8*a^11*b^5)) / b^12 + (((4*(24*a*b^16 + 58*a^3*b^14 - 345*a^5*b^12 + 543*a^7*b^10 - 440*a^9*b^8 + 184*a^11*b^6 - 32*a^13*b^4)) / b^12 + (((4*(93*a^3*b^15 - 240*a^5*b^13 + 208*a^7*b^11 - 64*a^9*b^9)) / b^12 + (((4*(24*a^3*b^16 - 32*a^5*b^14)) / b^12 - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*a^2*b^17 - 136*a^4*b^15 + 128*a^6*b^13)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(62*a^2*b^16 - 335*a^4*b^14 + 604*a^6*b^12 - 456*a^8*b^10 + 128*a^10*b^8)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(16*b^17 - 180*a^2*b^15 + 252*a^4*b^13 - 148*a^6*b^11 + 100*a^8*b^9 - 40*a^10*b^7 + 8*a^12*b^5)) / b^12) * 1i) / a - (4*\tan(x/2)*(8*a^16 + 62*b^16 - 410*a^2*b^14 + 929*a^4*b^12 - 1096*a^6*b^10 + 873*a^8*b^8 - 550*a^10*b^6 + 255*a^12*b^4 - 68*a^14*b^2)) / b^12) * 1i) / a + (8*(15*a*b^14 + 8*a^15 - 20*a^3*b^12 - 97*a^5*b^10 + 305*a^7*b^8 - 3$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 66a^9b^6 + 223a^{11}b^4 - 68a^{13}b^2)/b^{12} - (8\tan(x/2)*(4a^2b^{13} - \\
& 4b^{15} + 12a^4b^{11} - 20a^6b^9 + 8a^8b^7))/b^{12}))/a - (a\tan(x/2)^3)/ \\
& (24b^2) - (\tan(x/2)^3*(18ab^2 - 8a^3) + \tan(x/2)^2*(2a^2b - 4b^3) + \\
& b^{3/4} - (2ab^2\tan(x/2))/3)/(16b^4\tan(x/2)^4) + (\log(\tan(x/2))*(a^4 + (\\
& 15b^4)/8 - (5a^2b^2)/2))/b^5 - (\operatorname{atan}((((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{1/2})*((4\tan \\
& (x/2)*(8a^{16} + 62b^{16} - 410a^2b^{14} + 929a^4b^{12} - 1096a^6b^{10} + 8 \\
& 73a^8b^8 - 550a^{10}b^6 + 255a^{12}b^4 - 68a^{14}b^2))/b^{12} - (4*(53ab^{15} \\
& - 120a^3b^{13} + 48a^5b^{11} + 56a^7b^9 - 48a^9b^7 + 8a^{11}b^5))/b^{12} \\
& + (((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{1/2})*((4*(24a^3b^{16} + 58a^3b^{14} - 345a^5b^{12} \\
& + 543a^7b^{10} - 440a^9b^8 + 184a^{11}b^6 - 32a^{13}b^4))/b^{12} - (4\tan \\
& (x/2)*(16b^{17} - 180a^2b^{15} + 252a^4b^{13} - 148a^6b^{11} + 100a^8b^9 \\
& - 40a^{10}b^7 + 8a^{12}b^5))/b^{12} + (((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{1/2})*((4\tan(x/ \\
& 2)*(62a^2b^{16} - 335a^4b^{14} + 604a^6b^{12} - 456a^8b^{10} + 128a^{10}b^8 \\
&))/b^{12} - (4*(93a^3b^{15} - 240a^5b^{13} + 208a^7b^{11} - 64a^9b^9))/b^{12} \\
& + (((4*(24a^3b^{16} - 32a^5b^{14}))/b^{12} - (4\tan(x/2)*(16a^2b^{17} - 136a^4b^{15} \\
& + 128a^6b^{13}))/b^{12})*((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{1/2})/(a*b^5))/(a*b^5) \\
&))/(a*b^5))*1i)/(a*b^5) - (((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{1/2})*((4*(53ab^{15} - \\
& 120a^3b^{13} + 48a^5b^{11} + 56a^7b^9 - 48a^9b^7 + 8a^{11}b^5))/b^{12} - \\
& (4\tan(x/2)*(8a^{16} + 62b^{16} - 410a^2b^{14} + 929a^4b^{12} - 1096a^6b^{10} \\
& + 873a^8b^8 - 550a^{10}b^6 + 255a^{12}b^4 - 68a^{14}b^2))/b^{12} + (((a + \\
& b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{1/2})*((4*(24a^3b^{16} + 58a^3b^{14} - 345a^5b^{12} + 543a^7 \\
& *b^{10} - 440a^9b^8 + 184a^{11}b^6 - 32a^{13}b^4))/b^{12} - (4\tan(x/2)*(16b^{17} \\
& - 180a^2b^{15} + 252a^4b^{13} - 148a^6b^{11} + 100a^8b^9 - 40a^{10}b^7 \\
& + 8a^{12}b^5))/b^{12} + (((a + b)^5*(a - b)^5)^{1/2})*...
\end{aligned}$$

Chapter 4

Appendix

Local contents

4.1	Download section	126
4.2	Listing of Grading functions	126

4.1 Download section

The following zip files contain the raw integrals used in this test.

Mathematica format Mathematica_syntax.zip

Maple and Mupad format Maple_syntax.zip

Sympy format SYMPY_syntax.zip

Sage math format SAGE_syntax.zip

4.2 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

4.2.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*           GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*     is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*     antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)
```



```

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafC
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A","none"}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A","none"}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. $
      ]
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<
    ,
    finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
  ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)

```

(*9 = unknown function*)

```

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
  If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
    Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
  If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
  If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
  If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],
  If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],
  If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
  If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],
  9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
  Exp,Log,
  Sin,Cos,Tan,Cot,Sec,Csc,
  ArcSin,ArcCos,ArcTan,ArcCot,ArcSec,ArcCsc,
  Sinh,Cosh,Tanh,Coth,Sech,Csch,
  ArcSinh,ArcCosh,ArcTanh,ArcCoth,ArcSech,ArcCsch
  },func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
  Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
  FresnelS, FresnelC,

```

```

ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
},func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1,Hypergeometric2F1,HypergeometricPFQ},func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1},func]

```

4.2.2 Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
# if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
# see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

  leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
  #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
  if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
    return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues";
  fi;

  leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
  ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
  ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

```

```

    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
    fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#   is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
#   antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A","";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of r
                    convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_co

        end if
    else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
            print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
    fi;
else # result do not contain complex

```

```

    # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
    if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well")
    fi;
    if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        if debug then
            print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "A","";
    else
        if debug then
            print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of o
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_cou

    fi;
    fi;
else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function

```

```

# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+`) or type(expn,'*`) then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9
  end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[
    exp,log,ln,
    sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,

```

```

    arcsin,arccos,arctan,arccot,arcsec,arccsc,
    sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    arcsinh,arccosh,arctanh,arccoth,arcsech,arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf,erfc,erfi,
    FresnelS,FresnelC,
    Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
    EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product.  rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:

```

4.2.3 Sympy grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
    ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
        fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
        elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

```



```

except AttributeError as error:
    return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnT
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+' or type(expn,'*')
        m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
        m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
        return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
    elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
        return max(7,m1)
    elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:

```

```

    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation = ""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)
            else:
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result)

```

```

# print("Before returning. grade=", grade, " grade_annotation=", grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2.4 SageMath grading function

```

# Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
# Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
# June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
# July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    # print("Enter tree_size, expr is ", expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: # isinstance(expr, Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1] == 1/2: # expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

```

```

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

```

```

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

    #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer)
            return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
        elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
            if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)

```

```

    return 1
else:
    return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.op
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or instan
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    if debug:
        print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
        print("type(anti)=",type(result))
        print("type(optimal)=",type(optimal))

    leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

    #if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

```

```

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger t
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_
else:
    grade = "C"
    grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_resu

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```